

NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM

AGENDA

NSCLS COUNCIL OF LIBRARIANS

Friday, May 28, 2021

12:00 p.m.

Zoom Meeting

<https://us02web.zoom.us/j/86717930989?pwd=NmdaV21xSTROM0o4aHpSQUI0L200Zz09>

Meeting ID: 867 1793 0989

Passcode: 308306

Phone Access: 1- 669-900-6833

- | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------------|
| 1. Welcome and Call to Order | Perry, Chair | |
| 2. Roll Call | Brinkley | |
| 3. Public Invited to Address the Council | | |
| 4. Approval of Content Calendar (ACTION ITEM) | Perry | |
| A. Adoption of Agenda | | |
| B. Approval of September 15, 2020 Administrative Council Meeting Minutes | | Attachment 1 p. 3 |
| C. Correspondence: Letter to Colusa County Library of Notification of Participation in NSCLS CalPERS Unfunded Liability Cost Share | | Attachment 2, p. 7 |
| 5. Review and Approval of CalPERS FY2021/22 Annual Payment and Cost Share (ACTION ITEM) | Perry | Attachment 3 p. 70 |
| 6. NSCLS Budget Reserves (ACTION ITEM) | Perry | Attachment 4 p. 74 |
| 7. Announcements | | |
| 8. Adjournment | | |

NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM

Due To The State Of California's Declaration Of Emergency – This Meeting Is Being Held Pursuant To Authorization From Governor Newsom's Executive Order N 29-20

The legislative body of a local agency may use teleconferencing in connection with any meeting or proceeding authorized by law. Cal. Gov't Code §54953(b)(1). A "teleconference" is "a meeting of a legislative body, the members of which are in different locations, connected by electronic means, through either audio or video, or both." Cal. Gov't Code § 54953(b)(4). A local agency may provide the public with additional teleconference locations. Cal. Gov't Code § 54953(b)(4).

The teleconferenced meeting must meet the following requirements:

- (1) it must comply with all of the Act's requirements applicable to other meetings;
- (2) all votes must be taken by roll call;
- (3) the agenda must provide the public with an opportunity to address the legislative body at each teleconference location. Cal. Gov't Code § 54953(b).

NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM**DRAFT MINUTES**

**North State Cooperative Library System
Administrative Council Meeting (via Zoom)
September 15, 2020**

1. Chair, Michael Perry, called the meeting to order at 3:02 p.m.
2. Roll Call was taken.

PRESENT	ABSENT	PUBLIC LIBRARY	NAME
x		Butte County Library	Narinder Sufi
x		Del Norte Co. Library District	Beth Austen
	x	Humboldt County Library	Christopher Cooper
x		Lassen Library District	Heather Blevins
	x	Modoc County Library	Cheryl Baker
x		Orland Free Library	Jody Meza
x		Plumas County Library	Lindsay Fuchs
	x	Shasta Public Libraries	Rochelle Carr
x		Siskiyou County Library	Michael Perry
	x	Tehama County Library	Todd Deck
	x	Trinity County Library	Kacy Guill
x		Willows Public Library	Jody Meza
x		California State University Chico	Patrick Newell

Also attending: Stacey Costello, Director, Colusa County Library; Carol Frost, CEO, Pacific Library Partnership; Andrew Yon, Controller, Pacific Library Partnership; and Jacquie Brinkley, NLS System Coordinator.

3. No Public in attendance.
4. **Motion to approve Consent Calendar** (Meeting Agenda and Minutes of February 5, 2020)
Blevins moved; Sufi seconded. Vote taken by roll call, all votes in favor, motion passed unanimously.
5. Frost reviewed and discussed Attachment 2, the memo to this Council that recounts the history of Colusa County Library's membership in the North State Cooperative Library System including the legal opinion as to obligation provided by counsel. The legal opinion was obtained to determine the CalPERS obligation of former legacy system members. Frost reported that the motion requested from the NSCLS Council at this meeting was to establish the NSCLS CalPERS cost share for Colusa County Library for their use in working with their County financial officers to establish what, if any, amount is owed to NSCLS and cost share payments with NSCLS moving forward. Frost stated that it

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was up to the NSCLS Council to determine what a former system member would be obligated to pay.

Perry opened the floor for questions from the Council.

Fuchs asked how, should Colusa County Library make a payment for past years, those funds would be allocated to NSCLS and if these funds could be used to reduce future NSCLS payments for all members. Fuchs also asked if a payment plan option could be offered to Colusa County to ease the burden of budgeting for back payments requested.

Perry confirmed that there are options to be considered including a lump sum or term payment structure and that it is up to the NSCLS Council to determine assignment or request of those payment terms from Colusa County.

Discussion to consider the capacity of Colusa County Library to pay prior obligations established in the cost share model.

Costello stated that she would wait for the Council's decision and will take that information to the Colusa County Chief Financial Officer and her Library Council.

Perry stated that this NSCLS Council decision was an effort to formalize the ability of Colusa County Library to pay the NSCLS CalPERS obligation.

Discussion ensued regarding payment Options as detailed in the Agenda Packet.

Meza stated that she would recommend not pursuing any past payments from Colusa County Library if they agreed to pay the FY 2021/2022 cost share and to participate in NSCLS annual payments going forward. She noted that this would allow Colusa to plan and budget for the next payment due in July 2021 and would reduce the negative impact of this expense to that library.

Blevins stated that she agreed with Meza, but asked to hear from a larger system.

Sufi reported that she agreed with Meza not to pursue past payments from Colusa County if they paid in FY 2021/2022 and agreed to participate fully in future NSCLS CalPERS payment obligations.

Fuchs stated that she would ask for repayment of the FY 2020/2021 obligation.

Meza stated that she agreed that it would be fair to ask for the FY 2020/2021 payment on behalf of all members, but by not asking for the past payment, it may give Colusa leverage to get the FY 2021/2022 and future payment approved with the understanding that NSCLS would release Colusa County Library on any prior year's obligation.

Discussion ensued as to the language of the Motion and the Options on which to be voted.

Two straw polls were taken to establish and clarify the Motion.

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#1 – NSCLS will approve the 13-tier cost share for FY 2021/2022 to include Colusa County Library. All directors present supported this, with Newell abstaining.

#2 – Regardless if Colusa County Library agrees to pay their FY 2021/2022 and all future CalPERS cost share payments, NSCLS may pursue repayment from Colusa County Library for the amount they would have paid in FY 2020/2021.

Perry and Fuchs expressed they would like to pursue; Sufi, Austen, Blevins, Meza said that they would not be interested in pursuing, with the understanding that IF Colusa did not commence contributions in 2021/2022, the NSCLS Council may pursue past payments at a future time. Newell abstained.

The members present agreed that NSCLS will not pursue past payments from Colusa County if they agree to pay FY 2021/2022 and all future payments.

#3 – Should NSCLS pursue payment for years prior to FY 2020/2021? Each member expressed their opinion, and all agreed that NSCLS should NOT pursue payments for FY 2020/21 and prior years.

All agreed that if Colusa does NOT pay their FY 2021/2022 cost share, the NSCLS Council will have the option to pursue past payments from years FY 2013/2014 thru FY 2020/2021.

Motion

For FY 2021/2022, NSCLS will approve a 13-tier cost-share formula for the CalPERS Unfunded Accrued Liability payment which will include Colusa County Library, and Colusa County Library commences participation in the on-going annual NSCLS CalPERS Unfunded Accrued Liability shared cost. If Colusa County Library agrees to pay their FY 2021/2022 shared cost and continues future payments starting in FY 2021/2022, this Council will release Colusa County Library from their prior years liability of FY 2013/14 to FY 2020/2021 CalPERS shared cost.

Meza moved; Blevins seconded.

Vote taken by roll call. Motion passed with one Nay vote (Fuchs) and one abstention (Newell).

Costello asked for a letter from the NSCLS Council to describe the Motion and Council Action with the memo from this Agenda Packet and contact information for her County administration.

6. Yon reviewed the 2019 NSCLS CalPERS Annual Valuation Report.
7. Perry reviewed the NSCLS Cost Share Assessment for the FY 2021/2022 payment obligation and explained the options provided to account for CalPERS risk assessment. NSCLS used the lower rate of return (4%) in the FY 2020/2021 payment and NSCLS also obtained a pre-payment discount with invoices all paid within required deadline. This allows for a reserve amount to be held for NSCLS to cover a portion of future CalPERS payment obligations, should it be needed. Perry recommended using the 4% return rate again for assessing the FY 2021/2022 NSCLS payment to give an additional reserve amount for any unforeseen payment delays. Yon confirmed that the current CalPERS reserve for NSCLS is \$5,800.

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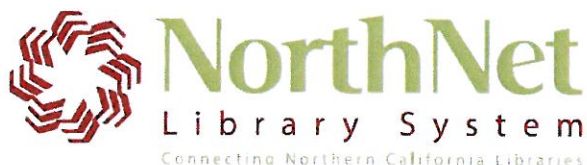
Motion to approve the cost-share model Option D, using \$85,000 as the reference point and including Colusa County Library for the FY 2021/2022 NSCLS CalPERS unfunded liability payment.

Fuchs moved; Sufi seconded. Vote taken by roll call, all votes in favor, motion passed.
Newell abstained.

Perry thanked all for attending and working through this challenging discussion.
Frost acknowledged the work of Perry and Costello on this issue.

Meeting adjourned at 4:45 p.m.

DRAFT



32 West 25th Avenue, Suite 201, San Mateo, CA 94403-2265
 (650) 349-5538 Fax: (650) 349-5089

www.northnetlibs.org

September 21, 2020

Stacey Costello
 County Librarian, Colusa County Library
 738 Market Street
 Colusa, CA 95932

The Colusa County Library is part of the NorthNet Library System (NLS). NLS is comprised of three smaller 'legacy' systems, which, in years past, had staff, but do not have staff currently. All three systems have CalPERS Unfunded Accrued Liability obligations for retirees.

The Colusa County Library had been part of the North State Cooperative Library System (NSCLS) from 1968 to June 30, 2001, and on July 1, 2001, the Colusa County Library switched membership to join the Mountain Valley Library System (MVLS) with the intent of having greater access to shared collections.

Both MVLS and NSCLS have adopted a shared funding formula for CalPERS obligations. The MVLS Council of Librarians have stated that, although Colusa County Library is currently a member of MVLS, they believe that Colusa County Library should participate in the NSCLS shared funding formula for CalPERS obligations based on Colusa County Library's 33 years of membership with NSCLS, during that period of time NSCLS had employees.

As such, the NSCLS Council of Librarians met on September 15, 2020, to review the assessment of the legal counsel hired by NorthNet Library System to hold previous members financially accountable for past and future CalPERS costs. Based on the assessment, the following motion was approved:

For FY 2021/2022, NSCLS will approve a 13 -tier cost-share formula for the CalPERS Unfunded Accrued Liability payment which will include Colusa County Library, and Colusa County Library commences participation in the on-going annual NSCLS CalPERS Unfunded Accrued Liability shared cost. If Colusa County Library agrees to pay their FY 2021/2022 shared cost and continues future payments starting in FY 2021/2022, this Board will release Colusa County Library from their prior years liability of FY 2013/14 to FY 2020/2021 CalPERS shared cost.

The cost-share portion for the Colusa County Library for FY2021/22 CalPERS Unfunded Accrued Liability is \$9,341. The libraries are generally sent an invoice in late June or early July.

For your reference, I have included the packet from the NSCLS September 15, 2020 meeting and the draft Minutes. The Attachment 2 of the packet includes the background and discussion of Colusa County Library. Per our previous conversations, I based the historical timeline off of

document which you previously provided to me. Attachment 4 discusses the shared costs for the next fiscal year. I have also included the letters from Best, Best and Krieger, Attorneys at Law which are referenced in the memo.

Should you need any further information, please feel free to contact me at frost@plpinfo.org or 650-349-5538. The Pacific Library Partnership is the fiscal and administrative agent for the NorthNet Library System, which also has three legacy systems.

Sincerely,



Carol Frost
CEO, Pacific Library Partnership
NorthNet Library System Administration

Attachments

Attachment 1: North State Cooperative Library System Council of Librarians Agenda Packet, September 15, 2020 (p. 3 of this letter)

Attachment 2: North State Cooperative Library System Council of Librarians Draft Minutes, September 15, 2020 (p. 52 of this letter)

Attachment 3: Best, Best & Krieger Attorneys at Law Letter to NorthNet Library System, June 12, 2018 (p. 56 of this letter)

Attachment 4: Best, Best & Krieger Attorneys at Law Letter to NorthNet Library System, November 29, 2018 (p. 61 of this letter)

CC: Michael Perry, North State Cooperative Library System Chair, Siskiyou County Librarian

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AGENDA

NSCLS COUNCIL OF LIBRARIANS

Tuesday, September 15, 2020

3:00 p.m.

Zoom Meeting

<https://us02web.zoom.us/j/82379953879?pwd=QXMzRFhRbUlwbnd1bGZxRFlmZmJKdz09>

Meeting ID: 823 7995 3879

Passcode: 552525

Phone Access: 1- 669-900-6833

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|--|--------------|---------------------|
| 1. Welcome and Call to Order | Perry, Chair | |
| 2. Roll Call | Brinkley | |
| 3. Public Invited to Address the Council | | |
| 4. Approval of Content Calendar (Action Item) | Perry | |
| A. Adoption of Agenda | | |
| B. Approval of February 5, 2020 Annual Meeting Minutes | | Attachment 1, p. 3 |
| 5. Establishing a Cost Share for the Colusa County Library for CalPERS Liability for the North State Cooperative Library System (Action Item) | Frost | Attachment 2, p. 6 |
| 6. Review of NSCLS Annual Valuation Report 2019 | Yon | Attachment 3, p. 13 |
| 7. Review and Consideration of Approval of NSCLS CalPERS FY 2021/22 Cost-Share Assessment (Action Item) | Perry | Attachment 4, p. 42 |
| 8. Adjournment | | |

Due To The State Of California's Declaration Of Emergency – This Meeting Is Being Held Pursuant To Authorization From Governor Newsom's Executive Order N 29-20

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NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM

DRAFT MINUTES

North State Cooperative Library System Administrative Council Meeting February 5, 2020

1. Chair, Michael Perry, called the meeting to order at 4:02 p.m.
2. Roll Call was taken.

PRESENT	ABSENT	PUBLIC LIBRARY	NAME
x		Butte County Library	Narinder Sufi
	x	Del Norte Co. Library District	Shane Pipinos-Gausepohl
	x	Humboldt County Library	Ronda Wittenberg
x		Lassen Library District	Heather Blevins
	x	Modoc County Library	Cheryl Baker
x		Orland Free Library	Jody Meza
x		Plumas County Library	Lindsay Fuchs
	x	Shasta Public Libraries	Elizabeth Kelley
x		Siskiyou County Library	Michael Perry
x		Tehama County Library	Todd Deck
	x	Trinity County Library	Kacy Guill
x		Willows Public Library	Jody Meza
	x	California State University Chico	Patrick Newell

Also attending, Jacquie Brinkley, NLS System Coordinator.

3. No Public in attendance.
 4. Motion to approve the February 5, 2020 agenda.
Meza moved; Deck seconded. Motion Carried.
 5. Motion to approve the Minutes of April 16, 2019.
Meza moved; Sufi seconded. Two abstentions (Fuchs and Deck). Motion Carried.
 6. Perry reviewed the CalPERS report from the agenda packet, noting pages 22, 25 and 30. Discussion regarding future investment scenarios of CalPERS and potential impact to NSCLS future payment obligation; participant data (currently 16 retirees).
- Deck asked about the amortization schedule and if NSCLS proposed any discussion of using the 10 or 5 year payment schedule.

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Perry responded that no discussion had yet been made regarding those payment plan options.

Brinkley noted that CalPERS would recalculate the actual “pay off” amount should NSCLS file a notice of intent to pay entire balance.

Blevins asked about payment to retirees beyond the 15 year amortization period. Perry explained that CalPERS factors in these variables when calculating the amount due.

7. Perry reviewed the proposed cost-share model for CalPERS payments. The same formula that was approved by NSCLS Administrative Council for calculating the FY 2019/20 payment was used to calculate proposed payments for FY 2020/21. In addition, a second model of payment was proposed to allow for a buffer amount to be set aside on the chance of the CalPERS rate of return going lower than 7%, or should a NSCLS member library be delayed in making their annual payment.

Meza reported that it would be up to her Finance departments to agree on an increased rate of payment, but the higher amount with buffer was not much more for her libraries than the base rate. She added that she would prefer to pay the higher amount to create the set aside.

Fuchs asked if the Option B payment plan (with buffer) would be constant in future years, or was this a one-time model of payment.

Perry responded that the intent was to make this a one-time bump in payment to add cushion now. He noted that the situation for NSCLS in prior years initiated this proposal.

Blevins responded that she would prefer to pay the increased amount now, as noted in Option B, as future budgets for Lassen may not have the ability to cover the additional costs.

Meza asked if the CalPERS payments are reviewed annually.

Perry confirmed that the CalPERS payments will continue to be reviewed and approved annually by the NSCLS Council. Perry noted that the goal is to have NSCLS build a reserve fund for CalPERS that would cover the payment of the largest member’s obligation – in this case, Butte County.

Deck agreed that supporting the Option B cost share model was a good plan. Deck asked about past NSCLS members and their obligation (Agenda Item #8).

Perry responded that to his knowledge, Colusa County is the only formerly active member of NSCLS and that would have obligations to the CalPERS payment, as they were active in NSCLS during the time NSCLS had employees and incurred the CalPERS obligation. Colusa County has since moved to the Mountain Valley Library System. Perry has been in communication with Colusa County and they are aware that NSCLS is reviewing obligations of past members.

Blevins agreed to support Option B cost share plan for FY 2020/21 payment.

Perry noted that a discount is available off the total FY 2020/21 payment if payment is made before

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July 31, 2020. He agreed that it was worthwhile for NSCSL to review the 10 year and 5 year amortization schedules and suggested that members share those schedules with their Boards and auditors for future consideration.

Motion to approve Option B of cost sharing model for payment of NSCLS CalPERS FY 2020/21.
Fuchs moved; Blevins seconded. Motion Carried.

Perry noted that NLS would send Invoices as soon as possible. Perry requests that Invoices be available soon for budget planning purposes. Perry also stated that he would make himself available to talk with any NSCLS member who was not present at this meeting.

8. Perry continued the former member discussion and stated that Colusa could be included in the cost-share assessment in the future, but acknowledged that while Colusa is obligated, who will pursue through communications and how much would their share off-set the current shared obligations.

Meza recommended that NSCLS obtain legal assistance to communicate with Colusa County Library regarding their CalPERS obligation.

Deck stated that to have credibility with Boards, obligations such as the CalPERS payments do continue, if a member library leaves the system. Deck continued to say that holding Colusa accountable for this obligation sets a correct precedent for the future.

Brinkley reported that the NLS Executive Committee had approved at their August 13, 2019 meeting, up to \$8,000 per system for legal fees.

Perry will contact Colusa director, Stacey Costello, to notify her of this discussion of NSCLS plan to pursue and establish Colusa's CalPERS obligation within NSCLS. Perry continued to say that he had created cost-sharing assessment models to include Colusa and will share those with Costello. The communications with Colusa have been positive and Costello is aware and understands this obligation. Her hesitance is that Colusa County's administration may not be as understanding of their past obligation and it may be difficult to convince them of that on-going commitment.

Perry offered to follow-up with seeking legal assistance on behalf of NSCLS to communicate with Colusa and give official notice of obligation to NSCLS for CalPERS payments.

No other previous or former members are apparent, but Perry will research this. If any additional legal action would be required for Colusa or other former members, Perry will convene a NSCLS meeting.

Deck asked about history or plans for NSCLS to meet in person. Discussion of upcoming opportunities to meet in person might include the NLS Annual Administrative Council Meeting (June 12, 2020) or the proposed Public Library Director's Forum, Oct 21, 2020 in Pasadena, CA (prior to CLA Annual Conference).

Meeting adjourned at 5:06 p.m.



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www.northnetlibs.org

To: NSCLS Council of Librarians
From: Carol Frost
Subject: Establishing a Cost Share for the Colusa County Library for CalPERS
Unfunded Liability for the North State Cooperative Library System
Date: September 15, 2020

On June 18, 1968 the Colusa County Free Library joined North Sacramento Valley Library Cooperative System. At some time in the past (documentation is not available), this system changed its name to the North State Cooperative Library System (NSCLS). There is a historical memo from 1974 which references the North State Cooperative Library System, so the name change occurred sometime between 1968 and 1974.

On July 1, 2001, the Colusa County Free Library switched membership to join the Mountain Valley Library System (MVLS) with the intent of having greater access to shared collections.

Neither NSCLS nor MVLS has employees currently. Both NSCLS and MVLS have CalPERS liability for former employees.

NSCLS has adopted a shared funding formula for CalPERS obligations which does not currently include Colusa.

At the October 29, 2019 MVLS Administrative Council meeting, a shared funding formula for CalPERS obligations was adopted. Colusa was not included in the shared formula, with the belief that their CalPERS obligations would fall to NSCLS. The approved Minutes reflect the following:

There was a discussion about the Colusa Library, which formerly belonged to North State Cooperative Library System. The Director expressed the opinion that their fiscal obligation to CalPERS payments resides with NSCLS, not MVLS, based on years of membership in NSCLS and relatively recent move to MVLS (estimated at 2008).

Because of this, Colusa's fiscal responsibility for contributing to CalPERS obligations will be with those associated with NSCLS.

Relevant Information from Attorney Hired by NLS for CalPERS Obligations

The NorthNet Library System (NLS) is a cooperative, comprised of the three 'legacy' systems: North State Cooperative Library System, Mountain Valley Library System, and North State Cooperative Library System. Each of these three legacy systems has CalPERS obligations. In

2017, NLS hired Best, Best and Krieger, Attorneys at Law, to examine the CalPERS obligations of the systems.

In a memo from the attorney to NorthNet dated June 12, 2018, the following was asked specifically about North State, and former members, knowing that Colusa was a former member and may have fiscal liability:

What is the liability of North State Cooperative Library System's ("North State") former members? There are libraries that left the system but were members when the retirement benefits were voted on and given to employees. Are they still liable for a portion of the costs, up to when they left the system? Also, is there a formula that will assign each jurisdiction a portion of the liability?

"Under current law: Former members of North State may be held liable for North State's CalPERS obligations which accrued during the former members' respective periods of membership in North State during the same period. Thus, libraries that were members of North State when the retirement benefits were voted on and given to members, should be proportionately liable for their share of the present and future CalPERS obligations which have accrued and are accruing from the period in time in which such libraries were members. Although there is no requisite formula for determining a former member's liability, it would be reasonable to allocate liabilities on a proportionate basis according to the liabilities that accrued while the member was a member of North State, including future liabilities related to that particular membership period, pursuant to Government Code Section 6508.1. The services of an actuarial firm would be necessary to make this determination.

If AB 1912 passes as currently written: All members – former and then current, will need to agree on the apportionment of liability, otherwise CalPERS will apportion liability. Depending on how the members or CalPERS decide(s) to apportion liability, some members could be liable for more or less than what their "proportionate" liability would be if AB 1912 does not pass. For example, a current member which was not active when other members voted on retirement benefits could be liable for all or a significant portion of North State's liability if the members or CalPERS agree(s) to apportion liability in such manner pursuant to AB 1912. On the other hand, if AB 1912 does not pass, it would not be reasonable to allocate liabilities to members which were not active when CalPERS obligations accrued to North State.

Further considerations: Please note, the issue of agreeing on, and collecting, the proportionate or apportioned liability of former members will be challenging for North State, as it appears that North State, at one point, operated under the assumption that its members were not liable for the debts and obligations of the system. In a letter dated August 20, 1999 from Jim Kirks,

System Administrator for North State, to Wanda Green, Secretary for the Library of California, Mr. Kirks stated:

[North State] is one of two Systems in the State of California organized by adoption of "Joint Resolution", rather than Joint Exercise of Powers. This approach was chosen because members of the System are not directly liable as in a JPA where each signatory is directly liable in the event of some legal action involving the JPA and its members.

However, Mr. Kirks' understanding, as expressed in this letter, should not overcome Article II of North State's Bylaws which state that North State's "objectives...shall be to implement and accomplish the purposes described...agreed upon by the member libraries consistent with the provisions of the California Government Code, Sections 6500-6578 (Joint Exercise of Powers)." Since this citation includes Section 6508.1, the shared responsibility provision, North State has a viable argument for demanding that former members agree to apportion and pay for North State's CalPERS liabilities."

The passage of AB1912 (which became effective January 1, 2019), the retirement liabilities of a JPA are the debts of the parties to the JPA agreement. This rule applies on a retroactive and prospective basis. The attorney's assessment of shared liability for NSCLS is as follows (excerpt from November 29, 2018 memorandum):

"With regard to North State, we concluded that members are liable, in proportion with the members' respective periods of membership, because North State's Bylaws voluntarily subject North State to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, including the shared liability provisions of Government Code section 6508.1.

Members of North Bay and North State will share liability for the retirement obligations of their respective library system. However neither system will be required to allocate liability unless either intends to adopt a resolution of intent to terminate its contract with CalPERS or CalPERS provides either with a notice of a potential termination. Members of North Bay and North State will not be required to apportion liability if their respective systems are not at risk of failing, continue to pay required employer contributions, and do not plan to terminate their CalPERS contract.

Please keep in mind that North State members may be likely to challenge application of AB 1912 since the system was not explicitly formed pursuant to JPA law, but rather a provision in its Bylaws voluntarily subjects North State to JPA law. Moreover, documents previously provided by NorthNet indicate that North State administrators may be under the mistaken impression that the system is not subject to JPA law. However based on our review, we believe the Bylaws are sufficient to show that parties intended for members to be responsible for the debts of North

State, given that JPA law imposed joint liability on member agencies of a JPA absent a clear renunciation of liability pursuant to section 6508.1.”

North State members have agreed by Council approval to annually apportion the cost of the CalPERS unfunded liability among its members through a member shared funding formula. Colusa County Library would be included in this shared liability.

Background of North State Cooperative Library System

There are currently 12 public libraries within NSCLS: Butte County Library, Del Norte County Library District, Humboldt County Library, Lassen Library District, Modoc County Library, Orland Free Library, Plumas County Library, Shasta Libraries, Siskiyou County Library, Tehama County Library, Trinity County Library, and Willows Public Library.

Eleven of the 12 were part of the founding of North Sacramento Valley Library Cooperative (NSVLC), which existed in the 1960s (the date of origin and membership is not clear). Colusa County Free Library was one of the founding members of the cooperative.

In December 1967, they began discussions to become NSCLS, a California cooperative library system. In March 1968, a Plan of Service was drafted for the new NSCLS system. A budget exists from 1969 for the North State Cooperative Library System (NSCLS), and Minutes from that time indicate there were staff.

Background of Employees in NSCLS

There were a total of 44 Staff who were entered into NSCLS CalPERS. Below is a summary of their activity:

- 43 Staff who were in NSCLS CalPERS during Colusa membership
- 1 Employee whose time at NSCLS was solely after Colusa left
- 18 are currently receiving benefits
- 5 are deceased
- There is one deceased employee that is getting payments to their beneficiary
- 2 former-employees are still active and have not retired yet.
- 14 former-employees who have “terminated” their CalPERS membership, which refers to cashing out their retirement contribution.

The last staff person left NSCLS on February 1, 2008, and the last staff person was hired on September 16, 2002. This person is a participant of NSCLS’ CalPERS plan.

Establishing a NSCLS Shared Funding Formula Which Includes Colusa

In reviewing the past Minutes of NSCLS Council of Librarians meetings, a motion was approved at the April 25, 2012 meeting to establish a cost share formula for health care costs for retirees because there was not sufficient fund balance to continue paying, and the health care coverage was terminated in June 30, 2014. At the June 11, 2013 NSCLS Council of Librarian Meeting, a motion was approved for a 'fair share' allocation formula "to be applied for the retiree CalPERS liability, using the same formula approved at the 2012 meeting for the retiree health insurance liability. Since that time, NSCLS has annually reviewed and approved a formula for the annual CalPERS unfunded obligation which is shared among the member libraries. For FY 2020/21, NSCLS approved a 12-tier cost share for the participating libraries:

County	Budget (FY 17/18)	Base Rate	Factor ¹	FY 20/21
Lassen Library	\$ 116,026	\$ 100	10.64	\$ 1,064
Del Norte County	\$ 192,291	\$ 200	10.64	\$ 2,128
Modoc County	\$ 239,233	\$ 300	10.64	\$ 3,192
Willows Public	\$ 270,015	\$ 400	10.64	\$ 4,256
Trinity County	\$ 335,882	\$ 500	10.64	\$ 5,321
Orland Free Library	\$ 377,415	\$ 600	10.64	\$ 6,385
Plumas County Library	\$ 443,216	\$ 700	10.64	\$ 7,449
Siskiyou County Library	\$ 456,343	\$ 800	10.64	\$ 8,513
Tehama County	\$ 668,448	\$ 900	10.64	\$ 9,577
Shasta Public Library	\$ 2,157,973	\$ 1,000	10.64	\$ 10,641
Humboldt County	\$ 2,550,522	\$ 1,100	10.64	\$ 11,705
Butte County	\$ 3,246,028	\$ 1,200	10.64	\$ 12,769
		\$ 7,800		\$ 83,000

If this cost-share factor was applied to Colusa, it would be the following:

Cost-Share Table for FY20/21

Library	FY17/18 Budget	Base Rate	Factor	FY20/21
Lassen Library	\$116,026	\$100	9.121	\$912
Del Norte County	\$192,291	\$200	9.121	\$1,824
Modoc County Library	\$239,233	\$300	9.121	\$2,736
Willows Public Library	\$270,015	\$400	9.121	\$3,648
Trinity County Library	\$335,882	\$500	9.121	\$4,560
Orland Free Library	\$377,415	\$600	9.121	\$5,473
Plumas County Library	\$443,216	\$700	9.121	\$6,385
Siskiyou County Library	\$456,343	\$800	9.121	\$7,297
Tehama County Library	\$668,448	\$900	9.121	\$8,209
Colusa County Library	\$923,889	\$1,000	9.121	\$9,121
Shasta Public Library	\$2,157,973	\$1,100	9.121	\$10,033
Humboldt County Library	\$2,550,522	\$1,200	9.121	\$10,945
Butte County Library	\$3,246,028	\$1,300	9.121	\$11,857
TOTAL		\$9,100		\$83,000

*CSL Ready Report

There remains the question as to whether Colusa County Library is liable for any previous fiscal year payments to NSCLS for CalPERS obligations. Michael Perry, the NSCLS Chair, developed the chart below. The figures were derived from the retirement contributions to CalPERS from NSCLS, whose first payment was during FY 2013/14. The cost share for Colusa is derived using an assumption that Colusa were participating in the cost share at that time. It is worth noting that the Colusa County Librarian has stated that it may be difficult for their system to provide any payment for previous years.

Fiscal Year	Colusa Shared Amount of Total
FY 13-14	\$1,866
FY 14-15	\$1,944
FY 15-16	\$2,933
FY 16-17	\$3,154
FY 17-18	\$3,763
FY 18-19	\$5,023
FY 19-20	\$7,696
FY 20-21	\$9,121
Total	\$35,771

Options for Cost Shares

There are several options for NSCLS:

1. For FY 2021/22, approve a 13 -tier cost share formula which includes Colusa, and Colusa commences participating in the CalPERS unfunded liability shared cost.
2. For FY 2020/21, develop a cost share formula which includes Colusa, and retroactively invoice Colusa for the current CalPERS payment. Since this payment was made in whole, the question about what to do with the funds already received would need to be addressed.
3. For addressing payments for previous years, NSCLS may choose to:
 - a. Determine if these funds can be pursued.
 - b. Determine if NSCLS wants to pursue the payments.
 - c. Determine the structured repayment method. This may include developing a mutually agreed upon model between NSCLS and Colusa County Library for those contributions, such as a lump sum, or a repayment over a period of year. Colusa has previously stated it may be difficult to make any repayment, so additional discussion would be needed on this point.

Recommendation

The Colusa County Library Director has reviewed this data, as has the NSCLS Chair. With this preliminary review complete, the NSCLS Council of Librarians should review the document and approve a motion to include Colusa in the shared funding formula for CalPERS unfunded liabilities. At that time, the Colusa County Library Director will have formal direction to discuss with County, and should additional discussion be needed, the NSCLS Chair and the PLP staff will assist, as necessary.


California Public Employees' Retirement System
Actuarial Office

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 888 CalPERS (or 888-225-7377) | TTY: (877) 249-7442 | www.calpers.ca.gov
July 2020
Miscellaneous Plan of the North State Cooperative Library System
(CalPERS ID: 1897174550)
Annual Valuation Report as of June 30, 2019

Dear Employer,

Attached to this letter, you will find the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation report of your CalPERS pension plan. **Provided in this report is the determination of the minimum required employer contributions for fiscal year 2021-22.** In addition, the report contains important information regarding the current financial status of the plan as well as projections and risk measures to aid in planning for the future.

Because this plan is in a risk pool, the following valuation report has been separated into two sections:

- Section 1 contains specific information for the plan including the development of the current and projected employer contributions, and
- Section 2 contains the Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation appropriate to the plan as of June 30, 2019.

Section 2 can be found on the CalPERS website (www.calpers.ca.gov). From the home page, go to "Forms & Publications" and select "View All". In the search box, enter "Risk Pool" and from the results list download the Miscellaneous or Safety Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation Report as appropriate.

Your June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation report contains important actuarial information about your pension plan at CalPERS. Your assigned CalPERS staff actuary, whose signature appears in the Actuarial Certification section on page 1, is available to discuss the report with you after August 1, 2020.

Actuarial valuations are based on assumptions regarding future plan experience including investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the types of benefits provided, and longevity among retirees. The CalPERS Board of Administration adopts these assumptions after considering the advice of CalPERS actuarial and investment teams and other professionals. Each actuarial valuation reflects all prior differences between actual and assumed experience and adjusts the contribution rates as needed. This valuation is based on an investment return assumption of 7.0% which was adopted by the board in December 2016. Other assumptions used in this report are those recommended in the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017.

Required Contribution

The exhibit below displays the minimum employer contributions, before any cost sharing, for fiscal year 2021-22 along with estimates of the required contributions for fiscal year 2022-23. Member contributions other than cost sharing (whether paid by the employer or the employee) are in addition to the results shown below. **The employer contributions in this report do not reflect any cost sharing arrangements you may have with your employees.**

Fiscal Year	Employer Normal Cost Rate	Employer Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability
2021-22	0.00%	\$79,239
<i>Projected Results</i>		
2022-23	0.0%	\$79,000

The actual investment return for fiscal year 2019-20 was not known at the time this report was prepared. The projections above assume the investment return for that year would be 7.00%. ***To the extent the actual investment return for fiscal year 2019-20 differs from 7.00%, the actual contribution requirements for fiscal year 2022-23 will differ from those shown above.*** For additional details regarding the assumptions and methods used for these projections please refer to the "Projected Employer Contributions" in the "Highlights and Executive Summary" section. This section also contains projected required contributions through fiscal year 2026-27.

Changes from Previous Year's Valuation

The CalPERS Board of Administration has adopted a new amortization policy effective with the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation. The new policy shortens the period over which actuarial gains and losses are amortized from 30 years to 20 years with the payments computed as a level dollar amount. In addition, the new policy does not utilize a 5-year ramp-up and ramp-down on Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) bases attributable to assumption and method changes and non-investment gains/losses. The new policy does not utilize a 5-year ramp-down on investment gains/losses. These changes apply only to new UAL bases established on or after June 30, 2019.

Further descriptions of general changes are included in the "Highlights and Executive Summary" section and in Appendix A, "Actuarial Methods and Assumptions." The effects of the changes on the required contributions are included in the "Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions" section.

Questions

We understand that you might have some questions about these results. While we are very interested in discussing these results with your agency, in the interest of allowing us to give every public agency their results, we ask that you wait until after August 1, 2020 to contact us with actuarial questions. If you have other questions, you may call the Customer Contact Center at (888)-CalPERS or **(888-225-7377)**.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Scott Terando", with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

SCOTT TERANDO
Chief Actuary



**Actuarial Valuation
as of June 30, 2019**

**for the
Miscellaneous Plan
of the
North State Cooperative Library System
(CalPERS ID: 1897174550)**

**Required Contributions
for Fiscal Year
July 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022**

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Section 1 – Plan Specific Information

Section 2 – Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation Information

Section 1

CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Specific Information for the Miscellaneous Plan of the North State Cooperative Library System

**(CalPERS ID: 1897174550)
(Valuation Rate Plan ID: 1254)**

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Actuarial Certification

Section 1 of this report is based on the member and financial data contained in our records as of June 30, 2019 which was provided by your agency and the benefit provisions under your contract with CalPERS. Section 2 of this report is based on the member and financial data as of June 30, 2019 provided by employers participating in the Miscellaneous Risk Pool to which the plan belongs and benefit provisions under the CalPERS contracts for those agencies.

As set forth in Section 2 of this report, the pool actuaries have certified that, in their opinion, the valuation of the risk pool containing your Miscellaneous Plan has been performed in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles consistent with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the assumptions and methods are internally consistent and reasonable for the risk pool as of the date of this valuation and as prescribed by the CalPERS Board of Administration according to provisions set forth in the California Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Having relied upon the information set forth in Section 2 of this report and based on the census and benefit provision information for the plan, it is my opinion as the plan actuary that the Unfunded Accrued Liability amortization bases as of June 30, 2019 and employer contribution as of July 1, 2021 have been properly and accurately determined in accordance with the principles and standards stated above.

The undersigned is an actuary for CalPERS, a member of both the American Academy of Actuaries and Society of Actuaries and meets the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.



NINA RAMSEY, ASA, MAAA
Associate Pension Actuary, CalPERS

Highlights and Executive Summary

- **Introduction**
- **Purpose of Section 1**
- **Required Employer Contributions**
- **Additional Discretionary Employer Contributions**
- **Plan's Funded Status**
- **Projected Employer Contributions**
- **Cost**
- **Changes Since the Prior Year's Valuation**
- **Subsequent Events**

Introduction

This report presents the results of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation of the Miscellaneous Plan of the North State Cooperative Library System of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). This actuarial valuation sets the required employer contributions for fiscal year 2021-22.

Purpose of Section 1

This Section 1 report for the Miscellaneous Plan of the North State Cooperative Library System of CalPERS was prepared by the plan actuary in order to:

- Set forth the assets and accrued liabilities of this plan as of June 30, 2019;
- Determine the minimum required employer contribution for this plan for the fiscal year July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022; and
- Provide actuarial information as of June 30, 2019 to the CalPERS Board of Administration and other interested parties.

The pension funding information presented in this report should not be used in financial reports subject to GASB Statement No. 68 for a Cost Sharing Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan. A separate accounting valuation report for such purposes is available from CalPERS and details for ordering are available on our website.

The measurements shown in this actuarial valuation may not be applicable for other purposes. The employer should contact their actuary before disseminating any portion of this report for any reason that is not explicitly described above.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; changes in actuarial policies; and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

Assessment and Disclosure of Risk

This report includes the following risk disclosures consistent with the recommendations of Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 51 and recommended by the California Actuarial Advisory Panel (CAAP) in the Model Disclosure Elements document:

- A "Scenario Test," projecting future results under different investment income returns.
- A "Sensitivity Analysis," showing the impact on current valuation results using alternative discount rates of 6.0% and 8.0%.
- A "Sensitivity Analysis," showing the impact on current valuation results assuming rates of mortality are 10% lower or 10% higher than our current mortality assumptions adopted in 2017.
- Plan maturity measures indicating how sensitive a plan may be to the risks noted above.

Required Employer Contributions

	Fiscal Year
Required Employer Contributions	2021-22
Employer Normal Cost Rate	0.00%
<i>Plus, Either</i>	
1) Monthly Employer Dollar UAL Payment	\$6,603.25
<i>Or</i>	
2) Annual UAL Prepayment Option*	\$76,603
The total minimum required employer contribution is the sum of the Plan's Employer Normal Cost Rate (expressed as a percentage of payroll) plus the Employer Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) Contribution Amount (billed monthly in dollars).	
* Only the UAL portion of the employer contribution can be prepaid (which must be received in full no later than July 31). Any prepayment totaling over \$5 million requires a 72-hour notice email to FCSD_public_agency_wires@calpers.ca.gov . Plan Normal Cost contributions will be made as part of the payroll reporting process. If there is contractual cost sharing or other change, this amount will change.	
In accordance with Sections 20537 and 20572 of the Public Employees' Retirement Law, if a contracting agency fails to remit the required contributions when due, interest and penalties may apply.	

	Fiscal Year 2020-21	Fiscal Year 2021-22
Development of Normal Cost as a Percentage of Payroll¹		
Base Total Normal Cost for Formula	0.000%	0.00%
Surcharge for Class 1 Benefits ²		
None	0.000%	0.00%
Phase out of Normal Cost Difference ³	0.000%	0.00%
Plan's Total Normal Cost	0.000%	0.00%
Formula's Expected Employee Contribution Rate	0.000%	0.00%
Employer Normal Cost Rate	0.000%	0.00%
Projected Payroll for the Contribution Fiscal Year	\$0	\$0
Estimated Employer Contributions Based on Projected Payroll		
Plan's Estimated Employer Normal Cost	\$0	\$0
Plan's Payment on Amortization Bases ⁴	77,174	79,239
% of Projected Payroll (illustrative only)	N/A	N/A
Estimated Total Employer Contribution	\$77,174	\$79,239
% of Projected Payroll (illustrative only)	N/A	N/A

¹ The results shown for fiscal year 2020-21 reflect the prior year valuation and may not take into account any lump sum payment, side fund payoff, or rate adjustment made after April 30, 2019.

² Section 2 of this report contains a list of Class 1 benefits and corresponding surcharges for each benefit.

³ The normal cost difference is phased out over a five-year period. The phase out of normal cost difference is 100% for the first year of pooling and is incrementally reduced by 20% of the original normal cost difference for each subsequent year. This is non-zero only for plans that joined a pool within the past 5 years. Most plans joined a pool June 30, 2003, when risk pooling was implemented.

⁴ See Schedule of Plan's Amortization Bases.

Additional Discretionary Employer Contributions

The minimum required employer contribution towards the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) for this rate plan for the 2021-22 fiscal year is \$79,239. CalPERS allows employers to make additional discretionary payments (ADPs) at any time and in any amount. These optional payments serve to reduce the UAL and future required contributions and can result in significant long-term savings. Employers can also use ADPs to stabilize annual contributions as a fixed dollar amount, percent of payroll or percent of revenue.

Provided below are select ADP options for consideration. Making such an ADP during fiscal year 2021-22 does not require an ADP be made in any future year, nor does it change the remaining amortization period of any portion of unfunded liability. For information on permanent changes to amortization periods, see the "Amortization Schedule and Alternatives" section of the report.

If you are considering making an ADP, please contact your actuary for additional information.

Minimum Required Employer Contribution for Fiscal Year 2021-22

Estimated Normal Cost	Minimum UAL Payment	ADP	Total UAL Contribution	Estimated Total Contribution
\$0	\$79,239	\$0	\$79,239	\$79,239

Alternative Fiscal Year 2021-22 Employer Contributions for Greater UAL Reduction

Funding Target	Estimated Normal Cost	Minimum UAL Payment	ADP ¹	Total UAL Contribution	Estimated Total Contribution
10 years	\$0	\$79,239	\$15,051	\$94,290	\$94,290
5 years	\$0	\$79,239	\$82,279	\$161,518	\$161,518

¹ The ADP amounts are assumed to be made in the middle of the fiscal year. A payment made earlier or later in the fiscal year would have to be less or more than the amount shown to have the same effect on the UAL amortization.

Note that the calculations above are based on the projected Unfunded Accrued Liability as of June 30, 2021 as determined in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation. New unfunded liabilities can emerge in future years due to assumption or method changes, changes in plan provisions and actuarial experience different than assumed. Making an ADP illustrated above for the indicated number of years will not result in a plan that is exactly 100% funded in the indicated number of years. Valuation results will vary from one year to the next and can diverge significantly from projections over a period of several years.

Plan's Funded Status

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
1. Present Value of Projected Benefits (PVB)	\$2,207,869	\$2,189,404
2. Entry Age Normal Accrued Liability (AL)	2,207,869	2,189,404
3. Plan's Market Value of Assets (MVA)	1,490,619	1,453,630
4. Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) [(2) - (3)]	717,250	735,774
5. Funded Ratio [(3) / (2)]	67.5%	66.4%

This measure of funded status is an assessment of the need for future employer contributions based on the selected actuarial cost method used to fund the plan. The UAL is the present value of future employer contributions for service that has already been earned and is in addition to future normal cost contributions for active members. For a measure of funded status that is appropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover estimated termination liabilities, please see "Hypothetical Termination Liability" in the "Risk Analysis" section.

Projected Employer Contributions

The table below shows the required and projected employer contributions (before cost sharing) for the next six fiscal years. The projection assumes that all actuarial assumptions will be realized and that no further changes to assumptions, contributions, benefits, or funding will occur during the projection period. As of the preparation date of this report, the year to date return for the 2019-20 fiscal year was well below the 7% assumed return. Actual contribution rates during this projection period could be significantly higher than the projection shown below.

	Required Contribution	Projected Future Employer Contributions (Assumes 7.00% Return for Fiscal Year 2019-20)				
Fiscal Year	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27
Normal Cost %	0.00%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
UAL Payment	\$79,239	\$79,000	\$79,000	\$79,000	\$79,000	\$79,000

For some sources of UAL, the change in UAL is amortized using a 5-year ramp up. For more information, please see "Amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability" under "Actuarial Methods" in Appendix A. This method phases in the impact of the change in UAL over a 5-year period in order to reduce employer cost volatility from year to year. As a result of this methodology, dramatic changes in the required employer contributions in any one year are less likely. However, required contributions can change gradually and significantly over the next five years. In years when there is a large increase in UAL, the relatively small amortization payments during the ramp up period could result in a funded ratio that is projected to decrease initially while the contribution impact of the increase in the UAL is phased in.

For projected contributions under alternate investment return scenarios, please see the "Future Investment Return Scenarios" in the "Risk Analysis" section.

Cost

Actuarial Determination of Pension Plan Cost

Contributions to fund the pension plan are comprised of two components:

- The Normal Cost, expressed as a percentage of total active payroll
- The Amortization of the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL), expressed as a dollar amount

For fiscal years prior to FY 2016-17, the Amortization of UAL component was expressed as a percentage of total active payroll. Starting with FY 2016-17, the Amortization of UAL component was expressed as a dollar amount and invoiced on a monthly basis. There continues to be an option to prepay this amount during July of each fiscal year.

The Normal Cost component will continue to be expressed as a percentage of active payroll with employer and employee contributions payable as part of the regular payroll reporting process.

The determination of both components requires complex actuarial calculations. The calculations are based on a set of actuarial assumptions which can be divided into two categories:

- Demographic assumptions (e.g., mortality rates, retirement rates, employment termination rates, disability rates)
- Economic assumptions (e.g., future investment earnings, inflation, salary growth rates)

These assumptions reflect CalPERS' best estimate of future experience of the plan and are long term in nature. We recognize that all assumptions will not be realized in any given year. For example, the investment earnings at CalPERS have averaged 5.8% over the 20 years ending June 30, 2019, yet individual fiscal year returns have ranged from -23.6% to +20.7%. In addition, CalPERS reviews all actuarial assumptions by conducting in-depth experience studies every four years, with the most recent experience study completed in 2017.

Changes Since the Prior Year's Valuation

Benefits

The standard actuarial practice at CalPERS is to recognize mandated legislative benefit changes in the first annual valuation following the effective date of the legislation. Voluntary benefit changes by plan amendment are generally included in the first valuation that is prepared after the amendment becomes effective, even if the valuation date is prior to the effective date of the amendment.

This valuation generally reflects plan changes by amendments effective before the date of the report. Please refer to the "Plan's Major Benefit Options" and Appendix B for a summary of the plan provisions used in this valuation. The effect of any mandated benefit changes or plan amendments on the unfunded liability is shown in the "(Gain)/Loss Analysis" and the effect on the employer contribution is shown in the "Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions." It should be noted that no change in liability or contribution is shown for any plan changes which were already included in the prior year's valuation.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The CalPERS Board of Administration adopted a new amortization policy effective with this actuarial valuation. The new policy shortens the period over which actuarial gains and losses are amortized from 30 years to 20 years with the payments computed as a level dollar amount. In addition, the new policy does not utilize a 5-year ramp-up and ramp-down on UAL bases attributable to assumption and method changes and non-investment gains/losses. The new policy also does not utilize a 5-year ramp-down on investment gains/losses. These changes will apply only to new UAL bases established on or after June 30, 2019.

For inactive employers, the new amortization policy imposes a maximum amortization period of 15 years for all unfunded accrued liabilities effective June 30, 2017. Furthermore, the plan actuary has the ability to shorten the amortization period on any valuation date based on the life expectancy of plan members and projected cash flow needs to the plan.

Subsequent Events

The contribution requirements determined in this actuarial valuation report are based on demographic and financial information as of June 30, 2019. Changes in the value of assets subsequent to that date are not reflected. Investment returns below the assumed rate of return will increase future required contributions while investment returns above the assumed rate of return will decrease future required contributions.

The projected employer contributions on Page 6 are calculated under the assumption that the discount rate remains at 7.0% going forward and that the realized rate of return on assets for fiscal year 2019-20 is 7.0%.

This actuarial valuation report reflects statutory changes, regulatory changes and CalPERS Board actions through January 2020. Any subsequent changes or actions are not reflected.

Assets and Liabilities

- **Breakdown of Entry Age Normal Accrued Liability**
- **Allocation of Plan's Share of Pool's Experience/Assumption Change**
- **Development of Plan's Share of Pool's Market Value of Assets**
- **Schedule of Plan's Amortization Bases**
- **Amortization Schedule and Alternatives**
- **Employer Contribution History**
- **Funding History**

Breakdown of Entry Age Normal Accrued Liability

Active Members	\$0
Transferred Members	131,171
Terminated Members	33,887
Members and Beneficiaries Receiving Payments	2,024,346
Total	\$2,189,404

Allocation of Plan's Share of Pool's Experience/Assumption Change

It is the policy of CalPERS to ensure equity within the risk pools by allocating the pool's experience gains/losses and assumption changes in a manner that treats each employer equitably and maintains benefit security for the members of the System while minimizing substantial variations in employer contributions. The Pool's experience gains/losses and impact of assumption/method changes is allocated to the plan as follows:

1. Plan's Accrued Liability	\$2,189,404
2. Projected UAL balance at 6/30/2019	720,178
3. Pool's Accrued Liability ¹	18,394,114,919
4. Sum of Pool's Individual Plan UAL Balances at 6/30/2019 ¹	4,268,374,183
5. Pool's 2018/19 Investment (Gain)/Loss ¹	68,711,010
6. Pool's 2018/19 Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss ¹	70,985,020
7. Plan's Share of Pool's Investment (Gain)/Loss: $[(1) - (2)] \div [(3) - (4)] \times (5)$	7,147
8. Plan's Share of Pool's Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss: $(1) \div (3) \times (6)$	8,449
9. Plan's New (Gain)/Loss as of 6/30/2019: $(7) + (8)$	15,596
10. Other Changes in the UAL ²	0

¹ Does not include plans that transferred to Pool on the valuation date.

² May include Golden Handshakes, Service Purchases, etc. See Schedule of Plan's Amortization Bases for details.

Development of the Plan's Share of Pool's Market Value of Assets

11. Plan's UAL: $(2) + (9) + (10)$	\$735,774
12. Plan's Share of Pool's MVA: $(1) - (11)$	\$1,453,630

Schedule of Plan's Amortization Bases

Note that there is a two-year lag between the valuation date and the start of the contribution fiscal year.

- The assets, liabilities, and funded status of the plan are measured as of the valuation date: June 30, 2019.
- The required employer contributions determined by the valuation are for the fiscal year beginning two years after the valuation date: fiscal year 2021-22.

This two-year lag is necessary due to the amount of time needed to extract and test the membership and financial data, and the need to provide public agencies with their required employer contribution well in advance of the start of the fiscal year.

The Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) is used to determine the employer contribution and therefore must be rolled forward two years from the valuation date to the first day of the fiscal year for which the contribution is being determined. The UAL is rolled forward each year by subtracting the expected payment on the UAL for the fiscal year and adjusting for interest. The expected payment on the UAL for a fiscal year is equal to the Expected Employer Contribution for the fiscal year minus the Expected Normal Cost for the year. The Employer Contribution for the first fiscal year is determined by the actuarial valuation two years ago and the contribution for the second year is from the actuarial valuation one year ago. Additional discretionary payments are reflected in the Expected Payments column in the fiscal year they were made by the agency.

Reason for Base	Date Est.	Ramp Level 2021-22	Ramp Shape	Escala-tion Rate	Amort. Period	Balance 6/30/19	Expected Payment 2019-20	Balance 6/30/20	Expected Payment 2020-21	Balance 6/30/21	Minimum Required Payment 2021-22
Fresh Start	6/30/19	No Ramp		0.00%	13	735,774	70,036	714,832	77,174	685,041	79,239
Total						735,774	70,036	714,832	77,174	685,041	79,239

The (gain)/loss bases are the plan's allocated share of the risk pool's (gain)/loss for the fiscal year as disclosed in "Allocation of Plan's Share of Pool's Experience/Assumption Change" earlier in this section. These (gain)/loss bases will be amortized in accordance with the CalPERS amortization policy in effect at the time the base was established.

Amortization Schedule and Alternatives

The amortization schedule on the previous page shows the minimum contributions required according to the CalPERS amortization policy. Many agencies have expressed interest in paying off the unfunded accrued liabilities more quickly than required. As such, we have provided alternative amortization schedules to help analyze the current amortization schedule and illustrate the potential savings of accelerating unfunded liability payments.

Shown on the following page are future year amortization payments based on 1) the current amortization schedule reflecting the individual bases and remaining periods shown on the previous page, and 2) alternative "fresh start" amortization schedules using two sample periods that would both result in interest savings relative to the current amortization schedule.

The Current Amortization Schedule typically contains both positive and negative bases. Positive bases result from plan changes, assumption changes, method changes or plan experience that increase unfunded liability. Negative bases result from plan changes, assumption changes, method changes, or plan experience that decrease unfunded liability. The combination of positive and negative bases within an amortization schedule can result in unusual or problematic circumstances in future years, such as:

- When a negative payment would be required on a positive unfunded actuarial liability; or
- When the payment would completely amortize the total unfunded liability in a very short time period, and results in a large change in the employer contribution requirement.

In any year when one of the above scenarios occurs, the actuary will consider corrective action such as replacing the existing unfunded liability bases with a single "fresh start" base and amortizing it over a reasonable period.

The Current Amortization Schedule on the following page may appear to show that, based on the current amortization bases, one of the above scenarios will occur at some point in the future. It is impossible to know today whether such a scenario will in fact arise since there will be additional bases added to the amortization schedule in each future year. Should such a scenario arise in any future year, the actuary will take appropriate action based on guidelines in the CalPERS amortization policy.

Amortization Schedule and Alternatives

Date	<u>Current Amortization Schedule</u>		<u>Alternate Schedules</u>			
	Balance	Payment	10 Year Amortization		5 Year Amortization	
	Balance	Payment	Balance	Payment	Balance	Payment
6/30/2021	685,041	79,239	685,041	94,290	685,041	161,518
6/30/2022	651,028	79,239	635,460	94,290	565,918	161,517
6/30/2023	614,635	79,239	582,408	94,290	438,458	161,518
6/30/2024	575,694	79,239	525,642	94,290	302,075	161,518
6/30/2025	534,027	79,239	464,903	94,290	156,145	161,518
6/30/2026	489,443	79,239	399,912	94,290		
6/30/2027	441,739	79,240	330,372	94,291		
6/30/2028	390,694	79,239	255,963	94,291		
6/30/2029	336,077	79,240	176,345	94,291		
6/30/2030	277,636	79,239	91,154	94,290		
6/30/2031	215,105	79,240				
6/30/2032	148,196	79,240				
6/30/2033	76,603	79,239				
6/30/2034						
6/30/2035						
6/30/2036						
6/30/2037						
6/30/2038						
6/30/2039						
6/30/2040						
6/30/2041						
6/30/2042						
6/30/2043						
6/30/2044						
6/30/2045						
6/30/2046						
6/30/2047						
6/30/2048						
6/30/2049						
6/30/2050						
Total		1,030,111		942,903		807,589
Interest Paid		345,070		257,862		122,548
Estimated Savings				87,208		222,522

Employer Contribution History

The table below provides a recent history of the required employer contributions for the plan, as determined by the annual actuarial valuation. It does not account for prepayments or benefit changes made during a fiscal year.

Fiscal Year	Employer Normal Cost	Unfunded Liability Payment (\$)
2016 - 17	0.000%	\$30,751
2017 - 18	0.000%	36,973
2018 - 19	0.000%	45,707
2019 - 20	0.000%	70,036
2020 - 21	0.000%	77,174
2021 - 22	0.00%	79,239

Funding History

The funding history below shows the plan's actuarial accrued liability, share of the pool's market value of assets, share of the pool's unfunded liability, funded ratio, and annual covered payroll.

Valuation Date	Accrued Liability (AL)	Share of Pool's Market Value of Assets (MVA)	Plan's Share of Pool's Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll
06/30/2011	\$2,003,701	\$1,589,379	\$414,322	79.3%	\$0
06/30/2012	1,882,656	1,370,364	512,292	72.8%	0
06/30/2013	1,834,500	1,380,134	454,366	75.2%	0
06/30/2014	2,063,049	1,644,368	418,681	79.7%	0
06/30/2015	2,160,266	1,651,498	508,768	76.4%	0
06/30/2016	2,163,506	1,517,446	646,060	70.1%	0
06/30/2017	2,157,894	1,515,694	642,200	70.2%	0
06/30/2018	2,207,869	1,490,619	717,250	67.5%	0
06/30/2019	2,189,404	1,453,630	735,774	66.4%	0

Risk Analysis

- **Future Investment Return Scenarios**
- **Discount Rate Sensitivity**
- **Mortality Rate Sensitivity**
- **Maturity Measures**
- **Maturity Measures History**
- **Hypothetical Termination Liability**

Future Investment Return Scenarios

Analysis was performed to determine the effects of various future investment returns on required employer contributions. The projections below provide a range of results based on five investment return scenarios assumed to occur during the next four fiscal years (2019-20, 2020-21, 2021-22 and 2022-23). The projections also assume that all other actuarial assumptions will be realized and that no further changes to assumptions, contributions, benefits, or funding will occur.

For fiscal years 2019-20, 2020-21, 2021-22, and 2022-23, each scenario assumes an alternate fixed annual return. The fixed return assumptions for the five scenarios are 1.0%, 4.0%, 7.0%, 9.0% and 12.0%.

These alternate investment returns were chosen based on stochastic analysis of possible future investment returns over the four-year period ending June 30, 2023. Using the expected returns and volatility of the asset classes in which the funds are invested, we produced five thousand stochastic outcomes for this period based on the most recently completed Asset Liability Management process. We then selected annual returns that approximate the 5th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 95th percentiles for these outcomes. For example, of all the 4-year outcomes generated in the stochastic analysis, approximately 25% had an average annual return of 4.0% or less.

Required contributions outside of this range are also possible. In particular, whereas it is unlikely that investment returns will average less than 1.0% or greater than 12.0% over this four-year period, the likelihood of a single investment return less than 1.0% or greater than 12.0% in any given year is much greater.

Assumed Annual Return From 2019-20 through 2022-23	Projected Employer Contributions			
	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26
1.0%				
Normal Cost	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
UAL Contribution	\$91,000	\$102,000	\$114,000	\$126,000
4.0%				
Normal Cost	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
UAL Contribution	\$85,000	\$91,000	\$97,000	\$104,000
7.0%				
Normal Cost	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
UAL Contribution	\$79,000	\$79,000	\$79,000	\$79,000
9.0%				
Normal Cost	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
UAL Contribution	\$77,000	\$74,000	\$71,000	\$67,000
12.0%				
Normal Cost	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
UAL Contribution	\$71,000	\$62,000	\$51,000	\$39,000

These projections reflect the impact of the CalPERS risk mitigation policy, which reduces the discount rate when investment returns exceed specified trigger points.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The discount rate assumption is calculated as the sum of the assumed real rate of return and the assumed annual price inflation, currently 4.50% and 2.50%, respectively. Changing either the price inflation assumption or the real rate of return assumption will change the discount rate. The sensitivity of the valuation results to the discount rate assumption depends on which component of the discount rate is changed. Shown below are various valuation results as of June 30, 2019 assuming alternate discount rates by changing the two components independently. Results are shown using the current discount rate of 7.0% as well as alternate discount rates of 6.0% and 8.0%. The rates of 6.0% and 8.0% were selected since they illustrate the impact of a 1.0% increase or decrease to the 7.0% assumption.

Sensitivity to the Real Rate of Return Assumption

As of June 30, 2019	1% Lower Real Return Rate	Current Assumptions	1% Higher Real Return Rate
Discount Rate	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%
Inflation	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
Real Rate of Return	3.5%	4.5%	5.5%
a) Total Normal Cost	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
b) Accrued Liability	\$2,374,601	\$2,189,404	\$2,029,667
c) Market Value of Assets	\$1,453,630	\$1,453,630	\$1,453,630
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$920,971	\$735,774	\$576,037
e) Funded Status	61.2%	66.4%	71.6%

Sensitivity to the Price Inflation Assumption

As of June 30, 2019	1% Lower Inflation Rate	Current Assumptions	1% Higher Inflation Rate
Discount Rate	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%
Inflation	1.5%	2.5%	3.5%
Real Rate of Return	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%
a) Total Normal Cost	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
b) Accrued Liability	\$2,277,476	\$2,189,404	\$2,056,654
c) Market Value of Assets	\$1,453,630	\$1,453,630	\$1,453,630
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$823,846	\$735,774	\$603,024
e) Funded Status	63.8%	66.4%	70.7%

Mortality Rate Sensitivity

The following table looks at the change in the June 30, 2019 plan costs and funded ratio under two different longevity scenarios, namely assuming post-retirement rates of mortality are 10% lower or 10% higher than our current mortality assumptions adopted in 2017. This type of analysis highlights the impact on the plan of improving or worsening mortality over the long-term.

As of June 30, 2019	10% Lower Mortality Rates	Current Assumptions	10% Higher Mortality Rates
a) Total Normal Cost	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
b) Accrued Liability	\$2,261,197	\$2,189,404	\$2,124,564
c) Market Value of Assets	\$1,453,630	\$1,453,630	\$1,453,630
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$807,567	\$735,774	\$670,934
e) Funded Status	64.3%	66.4%	68.4%

Maturity Measures

As pension plans mature they become more sensitive to risks. Understanding plan maturity and how it affects the ability of a pension plan to tolerate risk is important in understanding how the plan is impacted by investment return volatility, other economic variables and changes in longevity or other demographic assumptions. One way to look at the maturity level of CalPERS and its plans is to look at the ratio of a plan's retiree liability to its total liability. A pension plan in its infancy will have a very low ratio of retiree liability to total liability. As the plan matures, the ratio starts increasing. A mature plan will often have a ratio above 60%-65%.

Ratio of Retiree Accrued Liability to Total Accrued Liability	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
1. Retired Accrued Liability	2,051,236	2,024,346
2. Total Accrued Liability	2,207,869	2,189,404
3. Ratio of Retiree AL to Total AL [(1) / (2)]	0.93	0.93

Another measure of maturity level of CalPERS and its plans is to look at the ratio of actives to retirees, also called the Support Ratio. A pension plan in its infancy will have a very high ratio of active to retired members. As the plan matures, and members retire, the ratio starts declining. A mature plan will often have a ratio near or below one. The average support ratio for CalPERS public agency plans is 1.25.

Support Ratio	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
1. Number of Actives	0	0
2. Number of Retirees	16	16
3. Support Ratio [(1) / (2)]	0.00	0.00

Maturity Measures (Continued)

The actuarial calculations supplied in this communication are based on various assumptions about long-term demographic and economic behavior. Unless these assumptions (e.g., terminations, deaths, disabilities, retirements, salary growth, and investment return) are exactly realized each year, there will be differences on a year-to-year basis. The year-to-year differences between actual experience and the assumptions are called actuarial gains and losses and serve to lower or raise required employer contributions from one year to the next. Therefore, employer contributions will inevitably fluctuate, especially due to the ups and downs of investment returns.

Asset Volatility Ratio (AVR)

Shown in the table below is the asset volatility ratio (AVR), which is the ratio of market value of assets to payroll. Plans that have higher AVR experience more volatile employer contributions (as a percentage of payroll) due to investment return. For example, a plan with an asset-to-payroll ratio of 8 may experience twice the contribution volatility due to investment return volatility than a plan with an asset-to-payroll ratio of 4. It should be noted that this ratio is a measure of the current situation. It increases over time but generally tends to stabilize as the plan matures.

Liability Volatility Ratio (LVR)

Also shown in the table below is the liability volatility ratio (LVR), which is the ratio of accrued liability to payroll. Plans that have a higher LVR experience more volatile employer contributions (as a percentage of payroll) due to investment return and changes in liability. For example, a plan with LVR ratio of 8 is expected to have twice the contribution volatility of a plan with LVR of 4. It should be noted that this ratio indicates a longer-term potential for contribution volatility. The AVR, described above, will tend to move closer to the LVR as a plan matures.

Contribution Volatility	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
1. Market Value of Assets	\$1,490,619	\$1,453,630
2. Payroll	0	0
3. Asset Volatility Ratio (AVR) [(1) / (2)]	N/A	N/A
4. Accrued Liability	\$2,207,869	\$2,189,404
5. Liability Volatility Ratio (LVR) [(4) / (2)]	N/A	N/A

Maturity Measures History

Valuation Date	Ratio of Retiree Accrued Liability to Total Accrued Liability	Support Ratio	Asset Volatility Ratio	Liability Volatility Ratio
06/30/2017	0.91	0.00	N/A	N/A
06/30/2018	0.93	0.00	N/A	N/A
06/30/2019	0.93	0.00	N/A	N/A

Hypothetical Termination Liability

The hypothetical termination liability is an estimate of the financial position of the plan had the contract with CalPERS been terminated as of June 30, 2019. The plan liability on a termination basis is calculated differently compared to the plan's ongoing funding liability. For the hypothetical termination liability calculation, both compensation and service are frozen as of the valuation date and no future pay increases or service accruals are assumed. This measure of funded status is not appropriate for assessing the need for future employer contributions in the case of an ongoing plan, that is, for an employer that continues to provide CalPERS retirement benefits to active employees.

A more conservative investment policy and asset allocation strategy was adopted by the CalPERS Board for the Terminated Agency Pool. The Terminated Agency Pool has limited funding sources since no future employer contributions will be made. Therefore, expected benefit payments are secured by risk-free assets and benefit security for members is increased while limiting the funding risk. However, this asset allocation has a lower expected rate of return than the PERF and consequently, a lower discount rate is assumed. The lower discount rate for the Terminated Agency Pool results in higher liabilities for terminated plans.

The effective termination discount rate will depend on actual market rates of return for risk-free securities on the date of termination. As market discount rates are variable, the table below shows a range for the hypothetical termination liability based on the lowest and highest interest rates observed during an approximate 19-month period from 12 months before the valuation date to 7 months after.

Market Value of Assets (MVA)	Hypothetical Termination Liability^{1,2} @ 1.75%	Funded Status	Unfunded Termination Liability @ 1.75%	Hypothetical Termination Liability^{1,2} @ 3.25%	Funded Status	Unfunded Termination Liability @ 3.25%
\$1,453,630	\$3,687,731	39.4%	\$2,234,101	\$3,219,675	45.2%	\$1,766,045

¹ The hypothetical liabilities calculated above include a 5% mortality contingency load in accordance with Board policy. Other actuarial assumptions can be found in Appendix A of the Section 2 report.

² The current discount rate assumption used for termination valuations is a weighted average of the 10-year and 30-year U.S. Treasury yields where the weights are based on matching asset and liability durations as of the termination date. The discount rates used in the table are based on 20-year Treasury bonds, rounded to the nearest quarter percentage point, which is a good proxy for most plans. The 20-year Treasury yield was 2.31% on June 30, 2019, and was 1.83% on January 31, 2020.

In order to terminate the plan, you must first contact our Retirement Services Contract Unit to initiate a Resolution of Intent to Terminate. The completed Resolution will allow the plan actuary to give you a preliminary termination valuation with a more up-to-date estimate of the plan liabilities. CalPERS advises you to consult with the plan actuary before beginning this process.

Participant Data

The table below shows a summary of your plan's member data upon which this valuation is based:

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Reported Payroll	\$0	\$0
Projected Payroll for Contribution Purposes	\$0	\$0
Number of Members		
Active	0	0
Transferred	3	3
Separated	3	3
Retired	16	16

List of Class 1 Benefit Provisions

This plan has the additional Class 1 Benefit Provisions:

- None

Plan's Major Benefit Options

Shown below is a summary of the major optional benefits for which your agency has contracted. A description of principal standard and optional plan provisions is in Section 2.

Benefit Group					
Member Category	Misc	Misc	Misc	Misc	
Demographics					
Actives	No	No	No	No	
Transfers/Separated	Yes	No	No	No	
Receiving	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Benefit Provision					
Benefit Formula	2% @ 55				
Social Security Coverage	Yes				
Full/Modified	Modified				
Employee Contribution Rate					
Final Average Compensation Period	One Year				
Sick Leave Credit	Yes				
Non-Industrial Disability	Standard				
Industrial Disability	No				
Pre-Retirement Death Benefits					
Optional Settlement 2	Yes				
1959 Survivor Benefit Level	No				
Special	No				
Alternate (firefighters)	No				
Post-Retirement Death Benefits					
Lump Sum	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$500	
Survivor Allowance (PRSA)	No	No	No	No	
COLA	2%	2%	2%	2%	

Section 2

CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation Information

**Section 2 may be found on the CalPERS website
(www.calpers.ca.gov) in the Forms and
Publications section**

FY 21/22 NSCLS CalPERS Cost-Share

Background – Cost-Share Amount for last year FY 20/21

The cost-share model introduced last fiscal year (FY 20/21) assigned a unique base-rate value to each library system, depending on its budget size, from smallest to largest (based on the “Local Government Income” data in the California State Library report).

For FY 20/21, we selected to cost-share amount of \$83,000 (based on a more conservative CalPERS return on investment of 4%) than the actual requested amount of \$77,173 to help build a small reserve for future years – especially if a library member encounters push-back from local leaders to pay their annual contribution.

Cost-share table for FY 20/21 based on 4% rate of return

County	Budget (FY 17/18)	Base Rate	Factor ¹	FY 20/21
Lassen Library	\$ 116,026	\$ 100	10.64	\$ 1,064
Del Norte County	\$ 192,291	\$ 200	10.64	\$ 2,128
Modoc County	\$ 239,233	\$ 300	10.64	\$ 3,192
Willows Public	\$ 270,015	\$ 400	10.64	\$ 4,256
Trinity County	\$ 335,882	\$ 500	10.64	\$ 5,321
Orland Free Library	\$ 377,415	\$ 600	10.64	\$ 6,385
Plumas County Library	\$ 443,216	\$ 700	10.64	\$ 7,449
Siskiyou County Library	\$ 456,343	\$ 800	10.64	\$ 8,513
Tehama County	\$ 668,448	\$ 900	10.64	\$ 9,577
Shasta Public Library	\$ 2,157,973	\$ 1,000	10.64	\$ 10,641
Humboldt County	\$ 2,550,522	\$ 1,100	10.64	\$ 11,705
Butte County	\$ 3,246,028	\$ 1,200	10.64	\$ 12,769
		\$ 7,800		\$ 83,000

In July 2020, we were able to collect our membership contributions and pay a lump-sum payment of \$74,607 (the discounted amount) saving \$2,567.

Heading into FY 21/22, we should have a minimum reserve of ~\$8,393

$$\$83,000 - \$74,607 = \$8,393$$

Calculation without Colusa for FY 21/22

North State's CalPERS minimum obligation is \$79,239¹

¹ If paid by July 31, 2021, the amount would be discounted to \$76,603, but for the purposes of this document, we will reference the minimum amount needed as \$79,239.

Option A – FY 21/22 Calculation with Minimum Amount

Calculating the Factor value

The Factor is found by dividing the CalPERS liability amount by the sum of the base rates.

$$\frac{\$79,239}{7,800} = 10.159$$

Cost-share table for FY 21/22 for \$79,239

County	Budget (FY 18/19)	Base Rate	Factor	FY 20/21
Lassen Library	\$ 110,338	\$ 100	10.16	\$ 1,016
Del Norte County	\$ 199,541	\$ 200	10.16	\$ 2,032
Modoc County	\$ 239,000	\$ 300	10.16	\$ 3,048
Willows Public	\$ 285,339	\$ 400	10.16	\$ 4,064
Trinity County	\$ 372,126	\$ 500	10.16	\$ 5,079
Plumas County	\$ 422,987	\$ 600	10.16	\$ 6,095
Orland Free Library	\$ 460,351	\$ 700	10.16	\$ 7,111
Tehama County	\$ 682,177	\$ 800	10.16	\$ 8,127
Siskiyou County Library	\$ 692,032	\$ 900	10.16	\$ 9,143
Shasta Public Library	\$ 2,207,073	\$ 1,000	10.16	\$ 10,159
Humboldt County	\$ 2,679,942	\$ 1,100	10.16	\$ 11,175
Butte County	\$ 3,298,630	\$ 1,200	10.16	\$ 12,191
		\$ 7,800		\$ 79,240

Budget data used is "Local Government Income" data from the latest California State Library report (FY 18/19).

Calculating a Library System's Total

To find the amount each system is owed, we take its respective Base Rate and multiply it by the Factor.

So for Modoc, its cost-share for FY 21/22 is $\$300 \times 10.16 \approx \$3,048$

Option B – Using 4% Return of Investment

The \$79,239 aligns approximately with CalPERS expected rate of return of investments of 7%.

Ideally, if the CalPERS investments always return 7%, our amount owed will always be in the ballpark of \$77,000 until 2033, assuming the cost to our retirees doesn't alter significantly (see table on pages 6 and the Amortization Schedule on page 13 of *CalPERS Actuarial Valuation Report, dated June 30, 2019*).

For this Option B, North State could consider the rate of return was 4%, North State would need to contribute \$85,000 instead of \$79,239 (see table on page 16 of *CalPERS Actuarial Valuation Report, dated June 30, 2019*). This is the option NSCLS we chose for FY 19/20.

Cost-share table for FY 21/22 based on 4% rate of return

County	Budget (FY 18/19)	Base Rate	Factor	FY 20/21
Lassen Library	\$ 110,338	\$ 100	10.90	\$ 1,090
Del Norte County	\$ 199,541	\$ 200	10.90	\$ 2,179
Modoc County	\$ 239,000	\$ 300	10.90	\$ 3,269
Willows Public	\$ 285,339	\$ 400	10.90	\$ 4,359
Trinity County	\$ 372,126	\$ 500	10.90	\$ 5,449
Plumas County	\$ 422,987	\$ 600	10.90	\$ 6,538
Orland Free Library	\$ 460,351	\$ 700	10.90	\$ 7,628
Tehama County	\$ 682,177	\$ 800	10.90	\$ 8,718
Siskiyou County Library	\$ 692,032	\$ 900	10.90	\$ 9,808
Shasta Public Library	\$ 2,207,073	\$ 1,000	10.90	\$ 10,897
Humboldt County	\$ 2,679,942	\$ 1,100	10.90	\$ 11,987
Butte County	\$ 3,298,630	\$ 1,200	10.90	\$ 13,077
		\$ 7,800		\$ 84,999

Budget data used is "Local Government Income" data from the latest California State Library report (FY 18/19).

Contributing based on a lower return on investment will allow NSCLS to continue to build our reserve as we started in FY 20/21 and help the reserve meet a few needs:

- 1) To be of sufficient size to absorb the missed payment from our largest member
- 2) To make it more likely to meet July 31, 2021 early lump-sum payment date (as we have a bigger reserve to "dip" into if anyone's payment is held up)
- 3) To reduce the overall amount owed, especially as the full impact on budgets due to COVID is still unknown

Calculation with Colusa for FY 21/22

North State's CalPERS minimum obligation is \$79,239

Option C – FY 21/22 Calculation with Minimum Amount, with Colusa

If we include Colusa's cost-share contribution, the membership factor and cost-share amount would be lower.

Calculating the Factor value

Again, the Factor is found by dividing the CalPERS liability amount by the sum of the base rates.

$$\frac{\$79,239}{9,100} = 8.707$$

Cost-share table for FY 21/22, including Colusa, for \$79,239

County	Budget (FY 18/19)	Base Rate	Factor	FY 20/21
Lassen Library	\$ 110,338	\$ 100	8.71	\$ 871
Del Norte County	\$ 199,541	\$ 200	8.71	\$ 1,742
Modoc County	\$ 239,000	\$ 300	8.71	\$ 2,612
Willows Public	\$ 285,339	\$ 400	8.71	\$ 3,483
Trinity County	\$ 372,126	\$ 500	8.71	\$ 4,354
Plumas County	\$ 422,987	\$ 600	8.71	\$ 5,225
Orland Free Library	\$ 460,351	\$ 700	8.71	\$ 6,095
Tehama County	\$ 682,177	\$ 800	8.71	\$ 6,966
Siskiyou County Library	\$ 692,032	\$ 900	8.71	\$ 7,837
Colusa County	\$ 872,335	\$ 1,000	8.71	\$ 8,708
Shasta Public Library	\$ 2,207,073	\$ 1,100	8.71	\$ 9,578
Humboldt County	\$ 2,679,942	\$ 1,200	8.71	\$ 10,449
Butte County	\$ 3,298,630	\$ 1,300	8.71	\$ 11,320
		9,100		\$ 79,240

Option D – Using 4% Return of Investment, with Colusa

Calculating the Factor value

Again, the Factor is found by dividing the CalPERS liability amount by the sum of the base rates.

$$\frac{\$85,000}{9,100} = 9.341$$

Cost-share table for FY 21/22, including Colusa, based on 4% rate of return

County	Budget (FY 18/19)	Base Rate	Factor	FY 20/21
Lassen Library	\$ 110,338	\$ 100	9.34	\$ 934
Del Norte County	\$ 199,541	\$ 200	9.34	\$ 1,868
Modoc County	\$ 239,000	\$ 300	9.34	\$ 2,802
Willows Public	\$ 285,339	\$ 400	9.34	\$ 3,736
Trinity County	\$ 372,126	\$ 500	9.34	\$ 4,670
Plumas County	\$ 422,987	\$ 600	9.34	\$ 5,604
Orland Free Library	\$ 460,351	\$ 700	9.34	\$ 6,538
Tehama County	\$ 682,177	\$ 800	9.34	\$ 7,473
Siskiyou County Library	\$ 692,032	\$ 900	9.34	\$ 8,407
Colusa County	\$ 872,335	\$ 1,000	9.34	\$ 9,341
Shasta Public Library	\$ 2,207,073	\$ 1,100	9.34	\$ 10,275
Humboldt County	\$ 2,679,942	\$ 1,200	9.34	\$ 11,209
Butte County	\$ 3,298,630	\$ 1,300	9.34	\$ 12,143
		9,100		\$ 85,000

Action Item

Approve, one of the following cost-share amounts shown

- a) Option A – pay \$79,239 without considering Colusa
- b) Option B – pay \$85,000 without considering Colusa
- c) Option C – pay \$79,239 including Colusa
- d) Option D – pay \$85,000 including Colusa

as the associated cost-share amounts for each library system to pay for FY 21/22.

NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM

DRAFT MINUTES

North State Cooperative Library System Administrative Council Meeting (via Zoom) September 15, 2020

1. Chair, Michael Perry, called the meeting to order at 3:02 p.m.
2. Roll Call was taken.

PRESENT	ABSENT	PUBLIC LIBRARY	NAME
x		Butte County Library	Narinder Sufi
x		Del Norte Co. Library District	Beth Austen
	x	Humboldt County Library	Christopher Cooper
x		Lassen Library District	Heather Blevins
	x	Modoc County Library	Cheryl Baker
x		Orland Free Library	Jody Meza
x		Plumas County Library	Lindsay Fuchs
	x	Shasta Public Libraries	Rochelle Carr
x		Siskiyou County Library	Michael Perry
	x	Tehama County Library	Todd Deck
	x	Trinity County Library	Kacy Guill
x		Willows Public Library	Jody Meza
x		California State University Chico	Patrick Newell

Also attending: Stacey Costello, Director, Colusa County Library; Carol Frost, CEO, Pacific Library Partnership; Andrew Yon, Controller, Pacific Library Partnership, and Jacquie Brinkley, NLS System Coordinator.

3. No Public in attendance.
4. **Motion to approve Consent Calendar** (Meeting Agenda and Minutes of February 5, 2020)
Blevins moved; Sufi seconded. Vote taken by roll call, all votes in favor, motion passed unanimously.
5. Frost reviewed and discussed Attachment 2, the memo to this Board that recounts the history of Colusa County Library's membership in the North State Cooperative Library System including the legal opinion as to obligation provided by counsel. The legal opinion was obtained to determine the CalPERS obligation of former legacy system members. Frost reported that the motion requested from the NSCLS Board at this meeting was to establish the NSCLS CalPERS cost share for Colusa County Library for their use in working with their County financial officers to establish what, if any, amount is owed to

NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM

NSCLS and cost share payments with NSCLS moving forward. Frost stated that it was up to the NSCLS Board to determine what a former system member would be obligated to pay.

Perry opened the floor for questions from the Board.

Fuchs asked how, should Colusa County Library make a payment for past years, those funds would be allocated to NSCLS and if these funds could be used to reduce future NSCLS payments for all members. Fuchs also asked if a payment plan option could be offered to Colusa County to ease the burden of budgeting for back payments requested.

Perry confirmed that there are options to be considered including a lump sum or term payment structure and that it is up to the NSCLS Board to determine assignment or request of those payment terms from Colusa County.

Discussion to consider the capacity of Colusa County Library to pay prior obligations established in the cost share model.

Costello stated that she would wait for the Board's decision and will take that information to the Colusa County Chief Financial Officer and her Library Board.

Perry stated that this NSCLS Board decision was an effort to formalize the ability of Colusa County Library to pay the NSCLS CalPERS obligation.

Discussion ensued regarding payment Options as detailed in the Agenda Packet.

Meza stated that she would recommend not pursuing any past payments from Colusa County Library if they agreed to pay the FY 2021/2022 cost share and to participate in NSCLS annual payments going forward. She noted that this allowed Colusa to plan and budget for the next payment due in July 2021 and would reduce the negative impact of this expense to that library.

Blevins stated that she agreed with Meza, but asked to hear from a larger system.

Sufi reported that she agreed with Meza not to pursue past payments from Colusa County if they paid in FY 2021/2022 and agreed to participate fully in future NSCLS CalPERS payment obligations.

Fuchs stated that she would ask for repayment of the FY 2020/2021 obligation.

Meza stated that she agreed that it would be fair to ask for the FY 2020/2021 payment on behalf of all members, but by not asking for the past payment, it may give Colusa leverage to get the FY 2021/2022 and future payment approved with the understanding that NSCLS would release Colusa County Library on any prior year's obligation.

Discussion ensued as to the language of the Motion and the Options on which to be voted.

Two straw polls were taken to establish and clarify the Motion.

#1 – NSCLS will approve the 13-tier cost share for FY 2021/2022 to include Colusa County Library.

NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM

All directors present supported this, with Newell abstaining.

#2 – Regardless if Colusa County Library agrees to pay their FY 2021/2022 and all future CalPERS cost share payments, NSCLS may pursue repayment from Colusa County Library for the amount they would have paid in FY 2020/2021.

Perry and Fuchs expressed they would like to pursue; Sufi, Austen, Blevins, Meza said that would not be interested in pursuing, with the understanding that IF Colusa did not commence contributions in 2021/2022, the NSCLS Board may pursue past payments at a future time. Newell abstained.

The members present agreed that NSCLS will not pursue past payments from Colusa County if they agree to pay FY 2021/2022 and all future payments.

#3 – Should NSCLS pursue payment for years prior to FY 2020/2021?

Each member expressed their opinion, and all agreed that that NSCLS should NOT pursue payments for FY 2020/21 and prior years.

All agreed that if Colusa does NOT pay their FY 2021/2022 cost share, the NSCLS Board will have the option to pursue past payments from years FY 2013/2014 thru FY 2020/2021.

Motion

For FY 2021/2022, NSCLS will approve a 13 -tier cost-share formula for the CalPERS Unfunded Accrued Liability payment which will include Colusa County Library, and Colusa County Library commences participation in the on-going annual NSCLS CalPERS Unfunded Accrued Liability shared cost. If Colusa County Library agrees to pay their FY 2021/2022 shared cost and continues future payments starting in FY 2021/2022, this Board will release Colusa County Library from their prior years liability of FY 2013/14 to FY 2020/2021 CalPERS shared cost.

Meza moved; Blevins seconded.

Vote taken by roll call. Motion passed with one Nay vote (Fuchs) and one abstention (Newell).

Costello asked for a letter from the NSCLS Board to describe the Motion and Board Action with the memo from this Agenda Packet and contact information for her County administration.

6. Yon reviewed the 2019 NSCLS CalPERS Annual Valuation Report.

7. Perry reviewed the NSCLS Cost Share Assessment for the FY 2021/2022 payment obligation and explained the options provided to account for CalPERS risk assessment. NSCLS used the lower rate of return (4%) in the FY 2020/2021 payment and NSCLS also obtained a pre-payment discount with invoices all paid within required deadline. This allows for a reserve amount to be held for NSCLS to cover a portion of future CalPERS payment obligations, should it be needed. Perry recommended using the 4% return rate again for assessing the FY 2021/2022 NSCLS payment to give an additional reserve amount for any unforeseen payment delays.

Yon confirmed that the current CalPERS reserve for NSCLS is \$5,800.

Motion to approve the cost-share model Option D, using \$85,000 as the reference point and including Colusa County Library for the FY 2021/2022 NSCLS CalPERS unfunded liability payment.

NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM

**Fuchs moved; Sufi seconded. Vote taken by roll call, all votes in favor, motion passed.
Newell abstained.**

Perry thanked all for attending and working through this challenging discussion.
Frost acknowledged the work of Perry and Costello on this issue.

Meeting adjourned at 4:45 p.m.

DRAFT



MEMORANDUM

To: NorthNet Library System
From: Isabel C. Safie
Date: June 12, 2018
Re: Additional Q & A's Related to Liability of Legacy System Members

BACKGROUND

During the NorthNet Library System ("NorthNet") Executive Committee ("Committee") meeting this February, the Committee determined that additional analysis regarding the liability of current, former, and potential new members of the three legacy systems was required. In this Memorandum, we summarize our previous conclusions with regard to NorthNet's legal obligations and each legacy system's liability for CalPERS obligations, as well as address each of the four (4) questions listed in NorthNet's contract addendum dated April 13, 2018. Throughout this Memorandum, we also discuss how our analysis would change if AB 1912 passes in its current form.

NORTHNET'S LEGAL OBLIGATIONS

Unless NorthNet has affirmatively assumed the legacy systems' CalPERS obligations pursuant to a contract approved by its governing board, it is not legally responsible for such obligations. We have seen no evidence of such assumption. Rather, each legacy system retains legal responsibility for its CalPERS obligations pursuant to each system's CalPERS contract. NorthNet currently provides accounting services to the legacy systems and acts as a custodian of funds for North Bay and Mountain Valley. These obligations do not, however, subject NorthNet to any legal responsibility for the legacy systems' CalPERS obligations.

LIABILITY OF LEGACY SYSTEMS

Members (former and current) of the legacy systems are (or are not) liable for current and future CalPERS obligations as follows:

1. Members of North Bay *may not* be held liable for North Bay's CalPERS obligations under current law, since North Bay's JPA Agreement provides that its members shall not be liable for the debts and obligations of North Bay. However, if AB 1912 passes as currently

amended, members of North Bay *would be liable* for the system's CalPERS obligations, and the members would need to mutually agree on the apportionment of liability.

2. Members of North State *may be* held liable for North State's CalPERS obligations which are attributable to the members' respective periods of membership in North State, in proportion with other members of North State during the same period. We reached this conclusion because North State's Bylaws voluntarily subject North State to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, including Government Code Section 6508.1, which imposes shared liability on constituent members of an agency, for the debts and obligations of such agency. If AB 1912 passes, members will need to agree on the apportionment of liability, otherwise CalPERS will apportion liability. Please note, however, our conclusion may be a contentious one. Based on a letter from North State's former System Administrator dated August 20, 1999, it appears North State, at one point in time, believed that its members were "not directly liable as in a JPA" for the CalPERS obligations of North State. If North State and its former members operated under the assumption that the shared liability provision of the Joint Exercise of Powers Act was inapplicable to North State, it is highly likely North State would need to litigate the issue with former members. Additionally, the outcome of such litigation is uncertain, given the possibility of more extrinsic evidence (in addition to the letter) indicating that North State never intended to subject its members to shared liability.

3. Members of Mountain Valley *may not* be held legally responsible for Mountain Valley's CalPERS obligations since Mountain Valley is not a joint powers authority, and its members are not subject to JPA law. However, NorthNet could request that former members agree to take on a portion of Mountain Valley's CalPERS obligations. The passage of AB 1912 would not affect our conclusion with regard to Mountain Valley since it is not organized as a joint powers authority.

Q&A ANALYSIS

A. *What is the liability of North State Cooperative Library System's ("North State") former members? There are libraries that left the system but were members when the retirement benefits were voted on and given to employees. Are they still liable for a portion of the costs, up to when they left the system? Also, is there a formula that will assign each jurisdiction a portion of the liability?*

Under current law: Former members of North State may be held liable for North State's CalPERS obligations which accrued during the former members' respective periods of membership in North State during the same period. Thus, libraries that were members of North State when the retirement benefits were voted on and given to members, should be proportionately liable for their share of the present and future CalPERS obligations which have accrued and are accruing from the period in time in which such libraries were members. Although there is no requisite formula for determining a former member's liability, it would be reasonable to allocate

liabilities on a proportionate basis according to the liabilities that accrued while the member was a member of North State, including future liabilities related to that particular membership period, pursuant to Government Code Section 6508.1. The services of an actuarial firm would be necessary to make this determination.

If AB 1912 passes as currently written: All members – former and then current, will need to agree on the apportionment of liability, otherwise CalPERS will apportion liability. Depending on how the members or CalPERS decide(s) to apportion liability, some members could be liable for more or less than what their “proportionate” liability would be if AB 1912 does not pass. For example, a current member which was not active when other members voted on retirement benefits could be liable for all or a significant portion of North State’s liability if the members or CalPERS agree(s) to apportion liability in such manner pursuant to AB 1912. On the other hand, if AB 1912 does not pass, it would not be reasonable to allocate liabilities to members which were not active when CalPERS obligations accrued to North State.

Further considerations: Please note, the issue of agreeing on, and collecting, the proportionate or apportioned liability of former members will be challenging for North State, as it appears that North State, at one point, operated under the assumption that its members were not liable for the debts and obligations of the system. In a letter dated August 20, 1999 from Jim Kirks, System Administrator for North State, to Wanda Green, Secretary for the Library of California, Mr. Kirks stated:

[North State] is one of two Systems in the State of California organized by adoption of “Joint Resolution”, rather than Joint Exercise of Powers. This approach was chosen because members of the System are not directly liable as in a JPA where each signatory is directly liable in the event of some legal action involving the JPA and its members.

However, Mr. Kirks’ understanding, as expressed in this letter, should not overcome Article II of North State’s Bylaws which state that North State’s “objectives...shall be to implement and accomplish the purposes described...agreed upon by the member libraries consistent with the provisions of the California Government Code, Sections 6500-6578 (Joint Exercise of Powers).” Since this citation includes Section 6508.1, the shared responsibility provision, North State has a viable argument for demanding that former members agree to apportion and pay for North State’s CalPERS liabilities.

B. If a library joins a legacy system after there were no longer any employees of the legacy system (“new member” for purposes of this Memorandum), do they have a legal obligation to share in the current and future fiscal CalPERS responsibilities? Or is it up to each legacy system to make that determination?

BBK
BEST BEST & KRIEGER
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Under current law: New members joining any of the legacy systems after there are no longer employees of the legacy system, would not have any legal obligation to share in the current or future CalPERS obligations of such legacy system, unless a new member specifically agreed to take on such responsibility. Our analysis for each legacy system is as follows:

- With regard to North Bay, its JPA Agreement specifically provides that its members would not be liable for the debts and obligations of North Bay. Unless the JPA agreement is revised, or North Bay entered into a separate agreement with a new member, to apportion liability for the new member, new members of North Bay would not be responsible for the system's CalPERS obligations.
- With regard to North State, we do not believe Section 6508.1 may be interpreted to obligate new members to be liable for CalPERS obligations which began accruing before such members became active with North State. Rather, a reasonable interpretation of Section 6508.1 leads us to conclude that members of North State may be held liable for their proportionate share of obligations accruing while their membership is active (along with amounts accruing from those obligations in the future).
- With regard to Mountain Valley, new members may not be held legally responsible for Mountain Valley's CalPERS obligations unless they specifically agree to take on such responsibility.

If AB 1912 passes as currently written: Members joining North Bay and North State would be required to agree on the apportionment of CalPERS liabilities between all the members, including current and former members, of the legacy system for which they are members. However, members joining after the legacy system no longer has any employees would certainly have supportable arguments as to why they should not be liable for any CalPERS obligations. However, this would be a matter for the members to agree upon. In the event members cannot agree as to the apportionment of liability, CalPERS would apportion liability between the members.

Our analysis with regard to Mountain Valley is unaffected by the passing of AB 1912—future members may not be held liable for Mountain Valley's CalPERS obligations unless they specifically agree to take on such responsibility.

C. If there is no record as to when a library joined, and they would like to leave, what is the library's legal obligation to share in current and future fiscal CalPERS liabilities?

If there is no record as to when a library joined a particular library system, and we have previously concluded that members of that system may be held liable for CalPERS obligations, the library system would have to negotiate with the library regarding its particular legal obligation. If negotiations break down, the legacy system would need to be willing to enter litigation to resolve the issue.

D. Please provide a legal opinion on Colusa's membership status and CalPERS obligation with legacy systems, as Colusa originally belonged to North State but years ago changed membership to Mountain Valley.

Colusa County Free Library ("Colusa") should be liable for its proportionate share of CalPERS obligations which accrued to North State while Colusa was a member, including its proportionate share of future CalPERS obligations which are attributable to Colusa's period of membership. With regard to Colusa's membership period, it appears that Colusa was one of the founding members of North State, as it was named in North State's formative joint resolution effective in 1966. However, Colusa's CalPERS obligations would not have begun to accrue until North State's contract with CalPERS became effective on January 1, 1978. With regard to Colusa's termination of membership in North State, it appears that Colusa may have terminated membership sometime after January 18, 2001, when it affiliated with Mountain Valley.¹ However, it is unclear as to whether Colusa's termination of membership in North State became immediately effective on January 18, 2001, or whether there is other documentation for Colusa's official termination in North State.

Under current law, Colusa may be held liable for its proportionate share of North State's CalPERS obligations which accrued between January 1, 1978 and January 18, 2001 (or a later date if North State has documentation which shows Colusa's membership in North State extended past January 18, 2001). If AB 1912 passes, Colusa and other North State members would have to agree as to Colusa's portion of North State's CalPERS liability, otherwise CalPERS would determine Colusa's liability. Additionally, since Mountain Valley is not a JPA and it does not appear its members ever agreed to be responsible for its CalPERS obligations, Colusa may not be held responsible with regard to Mountain Valley's CalPERS obligations.

¹ Memorandum by Mountain Valley Library System, dated January 18, 2001 to Library Administrator for Colusa County Free Library.



MEMORANDUM

To: Board of Directors
NORTHNET LIBRARY SYSTEM
From: Isabel C. Safie
Date: November 29, 2018
Re: Update on AB 1912 and Liability of Legacy Systems

UPDATE ON AB 1912

Since my last presentation to NorthNet Library System (“NorthNet”) on June 15, 2018, AB 1912 was amended several more times, and signed into law by Governor Brown. AB 1912 becomes effective on January 1, 2019. The following is a summary of the most significant aspects of the bill:

- Shared Retirement Liabilities of the JPA. The retirement liabilities of a JPA are the debts of the parties to the JPA agreement. This rule applies on a retroactive and prospective basis. However AB 1912 would not apply to members of a JPA whose retirement contract was terminated prior to AB 1912’s passage or to members of a JPA that dissolved prior to January 1, 2019.
- Apportionment if JPA Winds Down. Member agencies would only be required to apportion retirement liabilities of a JPA *if* (a) the JPA intends to adopt a resolution of intent to terminate its contract with CalPERS, or (b) CalPERS issues a notice of potential termination following the JPA’s default for failure to pay employer contributions or upon its determination that the JPA is no longer in existence, such as in the event of dissolution or cessation of operations. This means that members of a JPA that is not at risk of failing or which is not planning to terminate its CalPERS contract, would not be forced to apportion the JPA’s retirement liability among themselves. **This is a significant change since my presentation to NorthNet on AB 1912.**
- Timing of Apportionment Agreement. For any JPA participating in CalPERS, member agencies would need to apportion retirement liabilities of the JPA and submit a copy of the agreement to the CalPERS Board *prior to filing a notice to terminate*. Additionally, any JPA subject to potential termination for failure to pay employer

contributions would need to provide the Board with a copy of the apportionment agreement within 60 days' notice.

- CalPERS' Determination of Apportionment. If member agencies are unable to agree as to apportionment, the retirement board (i.e., CalPERS for legacy members) would determine apportionment between member agencies based on the share of service received by each member agency, or the population of each member agency. A member agency may challenge the Board's determination, in which case an arbitrator would make the final and binding determination.
- Member Agencies Always Remain Liable. Terminating JPAs and their member agencies will remain liable to CalPERS if there are still inadequate funds available for the benefits promised (e.g. one member agency defaults on its obligations), even after member agencies agree or the Board apportions 100% of the JPA's retirement liabilities. **This is another significant change from my presentation to NorthNet on AB 1912.**

APPLICATION OF AB 1912 TO LEGACY SYSTEMS

In our previous Memorandum dated June 12, 2018, we concluded that members of North Bay could not be held liable for the JPA's retirement liabilities since North Bay's JPA agreement specifically provided that members would not be responsible for the debts of the JPA. We also concluded that members of Mountain-Valley could not be held liable for the debts of Mountain-Valley because it is not subject to JPA law and the members have not otherwise agreed to be liable for the system's retirement liabilities. With regard to North State, we concluded that members *are* liable, in proportion with the members' respective periods of membership, because North State's Bylaws voluntarily subject North State to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, including the shared liability provisions of Government Code section 6508.1.

In light of AB 1912 becoming law, our previous conclusion with regard to North Bay changes significantly—North Bay member agencies would now be liable for the JPA's retirement liabilities in the event North Bay intends to adopt a resolution of intent to terminate its contract with CalPERS or CalPERS gives notice of potential termination. Our conclusion for North State remains essentially the same—North State member agencies are liable, however the proportion of liability would be decided by the members themselves or the CalPERS' Board if the members cannot agree. Lastly our conclusion with regard to Mountain-Valley remains the same (i.e., Mountain-Valley member agencies are not liable) since AB 1912 is not applicable. Below we provide further detail regarding how AB 1912 will apply (or not apply) to the legacy systems.

A. North Bay & North State – Shared Liability Among Member Agencies

BBK
BEST BEST & KRIEGER
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Members of North Bay and North State will share liability for the retirement obligations of their respective library system. However neither system will be required to allocate liability unless either intends to adopt a resolution of intent to terminate its contract with CalPERS or CalPERS provides either with a notice of a potential termination. Members of North Bay and North State will not be required to apportion liability if their respective systems are not at risk of failing, continue to pay required employer contributions, and do not plan to terminate their CalPERS contract.

In the event either system decides to terminate its contract with CalPERS, the member agencies would need to decide how to allocate retirement liability amongst themselves and provide CalPERS with a copy of the allocation agreement prior to filing a notice to terminate. Since the entire termination process begins with filing a notice to terminate and can generally last up to one (1) year, member agencies should work on the allocation agreement as soon as possible once it is determined that the system is terminating its contract, to avoid further delays.

If member agencies cannot agree on apportioning liability, CalPERS would determine apportionment between the member agencies based on share of service received from the legacy system by each agency, or the population of each member agency. A member agency may challenge the Board's determination, in which case an arbitrator would make the final and binding determination.

Please keep in mind that North State members may be likely to challenge application of AB 1912 since the system was not explicitly formed pursuant to JPA law, but rather a provision in its Bylaws voluntarily subjects North State to JPA law. Moreover, documents previously provided by NorthNet indicate that North State administrators may be under the mistaken impression that the system is not subject to JPA law. However based on our review, we believe the Bylaws are sufficient to show that parties intended for members to be responsible for the debts of North State, given that JPA law imposed joint liability on member agencies of a JPA absent a clear renunciation of liability pursuant to section 6508.1.

B. Mountain-Valley Library System – Member Agencies Not Liable

Since Mountain-Valley is not a JPA and has not elected to be subject to JPA law, its members are not liable for the retirement obligations of the system, regardless of AB 1912's passage.

NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM

To: NSCLS Council of Librarians
From: Michael Perry
Subject: Review and Approval of CalPERS FY 2021/22 Annual Payment and Cost Share
Date: May 28, 2021

Background

At the September 2020 NSCLS Council meeting, a cost share formula was established that included the following:

- Established a fixed 13-tier cost share formula for the CalPERS Unfunded Accrued Liability Payment for FY 2021/22
- Colusa County Library would commence participation in the ongoing annual NSCLS CalPERS Unfunded Accrued Liability shared cost.
- If Colusa County Library agrees to pay their FY 2021/22 shared cost and continues future payments starting in FY2021/22, the Board will release Colusa County Library from their prior years liability of FY 2013/14 – FY 2020/21 CalPERS shared cost.

CalPERS costs and Pre-Payment Option

For FY2021/22, the NSCLS CalPERS Unfunded Liability is \$79,239 and the pre-payment discounted amount is \$76,603. Other CalPERS costs for FY 2021/22 include \$350 for the GASB 68 Accounting Valuation Report.

At the September 2020 Council meeting, the Council agreed to invoice the libraries for \$85,000, with the remainder of the funds going to the established CalPERS reserve.

Should the NSCLS Council choose the pre-payment option, the payment must be made to CalPERS by July 30, 2021. NLS libraries would be invoiced the first week in June, and payment would be needed by July 23 to meet the deadline. Choosing this option would result in \$8,047 allocated for the CalPERS Reserve. ***If there is not sufficient payments from libraries to meet the deadline, the payment will default to the regular payment.***

Should NLS the NSCLS Council choose the regular payment, NLS libraries would be invoiced in July and payment would be made in FY2021/22. Choosing this option would result in \$5,411 allocated for the CalPERS Reserve.

NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM

Cost Share Distribution Formula for FY2021/22

At the September 15, 2020, the Council approved the cost share model Option D:

Current System	Base Rate
Budget size under \$200,000	\$100
Budget sizes over \$200,000	Incremental Increase of \$100

The proposed formula re-allocation allows for the smallest budget pays the least and the largest budget pays the most.

The formula allocation allows for the libraries with the smallest budgets to pay the least and those with the largest to pay the most.

Since this has been approved, two questions have arisen which require review by the Council.

Item #1 – Data Sets Reporting Periods: When the motion was made, it was not clarified if the cost share model should be updated annually with the most current numbers provided by the State Library. The approved model included budget figures reported to the State Library for FY2018/19. The most current statistics are now FY 2019/20. It should be noted that NorthNet as a whole, as well as the two other legacy systems, use the most current data reported to the State Library when establishing membership dues and cost shares. The Council should confirm whether the current schedule, and all future schedules, should include the latest data reporting periods reported to the State Library.

Item #2 – Which Data Set to Use : When the cost share model was presented in September 2020, it utilized the Local Government Income reported to the State Library. NorthNet as a whole, as well as the two other legacy systems, use the Operating Expenditure (not including capital) budgets reported to the State Library for establishing membership dues and cost shares. The Council should confirm whether the current schedule, and all future schedules, should utilize the Local Government Income or Operating Expenditure data reported to the State Library.

Presented below are four cost share formula charts for consideration for the FY21/22 CalPERS Unfunded Liability and other costs.

NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM

Chart #1 – FY2019/20 Operating Expenditures Cost Share

(Proposed cost-share model to align with NorthNet and legacy system practices)

Library	FY 19/20 Operating Expenditures*	Revised Base Rate	Payment Base Factor	FY21/22 Total Payment Amount
Lassen Library	\$257,752	\$100	9.341	\$934
Modoc County	\$269,151	\$200	9.341	\$1,868
Willows Public	\$288,827	\$300	9.341	\$2,802
Del Norte County	\$327,848	\$400	9.341	\$3,736
Trinity County	\$375,467	\$500	9.341	\$4,670
Orland Free Library	\$509,286	\$600	9.341	\$5,604
Tehama County	\$537,812	\$700	9.341	\$6,539
Plumas County Library	\$601,459	\$800	9.341	\$7,473
Siskiyou County Library	\$603,158	\$900	9.341	\$8,407
Colusa County Library	\$1,103,235	\$1,000	9.341	\$9,341
Shasta Public Library	\$2,569,466	\$1,100	9.341	\$10,275
Butte County	\$3,471,111	\$1,200	9.341	\$11,209
Humboldt County	\$3,988,656	\$1,300	9.341	\$12,143
	TOTAL	\$9,100		\$85,000

**FY2019-2020 Total Operating Expenditures from California State Library website*

Chart #2 – FY 2019/20 Local Government Income Cost Share

(Proposed using cost-shared model from September 2020 meeting, but updated with FY19/20 data)

Library	FY 19/20 Budget*	Revised Base Rate	Payment Base Factor	FY21/22 Total Payment Amount
Lassen Library	\$88,942	\$100	9.341	\$934
Modoc County	\$225,000	\$200	9.341	\$1,868
Del Norte County	\$236,365	\$300	9.341	\$2,802
Willows Public	\$283,827	\$400	9.341	\$3,736
Trinity County	\$377,703	\$500	9.341	\$4,670
Plumas County Library	\$428,653	\$600	9.341	\$5,604
Orland Free Library	\$434,367	\$700	9.341	\$6,539
Tehama County	\$678,454	\$800	9.341	\$7,473
Siskiyou County Library	\$732,464	\$900	9.341	\$8,407
Colusa County Library	\$998,854	\$1,000	9.341	\$9,341
Shasta Public Library	\$2,270,494	\$1,100	9.341	\$10,275
Humboldt County	\$2,680,427	\$1,200	9.341	\$11,209
Butte County	\$3,442,332	\$1,300	9.341	\$12,143
		\$9,100		\$85,000

**Budget data used is "Local Government Income" data from the latest California State Library report*

NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM

Chart # 3- FY 2018/19 Local Government Income Cost Share
(Already approved at September 2020 meeting)

Library	FY 18/19 Budget*	Revised Base Rate	Payment Base Factor	FY21/22 Total Payment Amount
Lassen Library	\$110,338	\$100	9.341	\$934
Del Norte County	\$199,541	\$200	9.341	\$1,868
Modoc County	\$239,000	\$300	9.341	\$2,802
Willows Public	\$285,339	\$400	9.341	\$3,736
Trinity County	\$372,126	\$500	9.341	\$4,670
Plumas County Library	\$422,987	\$600	9.341	\$5,604
Orland Free Library	\$460,351	\$700	9.341	\$6,539
Tehama County	\$682,177	\$800	9.341	\$7,473
Siskiyou County Library	\$692,032	\$900	9.341	\$8,407
Colusa County Library	\$872,335	\$1,000	9.341	\$9,341
Shasta Public Library	\$2,207,073	\$1,100	9.341	\$10,275
Humboldt County	\$2,679,942	\$1,200	9.341	\$11,209
Butte County	\$3,298,630	\$1,300	9.341	\$12,143
	TOTAL	\$9,100		\$85,000

**Budget data used is "Local Government Income" data from the latest California State Library report*

Recommendation

It is recommended that the Council choose the data sets and data set reporting periods to use for the future cost-share distribution and approve the CalPERS cost distribution chart for FY 2021/22 for the pre-payment or regular monthly payment.

NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM

To: NSCLS Council of Librarians
From: Michael Perry
Subject: NSCLS Budget Reserves Discussion
Date: May 28, 2021

Background

The NSCLS Council has established two different sets of reserves in the past several years. The purpose of this memo is to review the reserves and discuss possible next steps.

Legal Reserve

At the April 25, 2017 NSCLS meeting, a legal reserve fund of \$1,150 was established¹. This was in response to an earlier situation where a library system was unable to pay the CalPERS obligation due to a dispute with the governing agency (i.e. city or county). The fund would allow NSCLS to secure legal representation to validate NSLCS's position and lend credibility to the obligation when contacting the governing agency.

At the August 13, 2019 NorhtNet Executive Committee meeting, a motion was approved to allocate \$8,000 to legacy system to use as a retainer for legal fees and that each system would decide and approve use of these funds. These funds would be available to each legacy system beyond FY 19/20, if the funds are not spent².

If the funds are used, the legacy system would report back and provide a status update to the Executive Committee.

To date, no legacy system has used the allocated funds.

CalPERS Reserve

At the February 5, 2020 meeting, the Council agreed to approve a formula which included additional funds beyond the CalPERS costs. The intent was to establish a CalPERS Reserve with those funds, to "allow for a buffer amount to be set aside on the chance of the CalPERS rate of return going lower than 7% or should an NSCLS member library be delayed in making their annual payment." The Council confirmed that the reserve should be large enough to cover the amount of the library with the highest CalPERS payment, which is Humboldt County.

For the FY 2021/22 CalPERS payment, the Council agreed to the pre-payment amount, plus the GASB, for a total of \$74,957, and to invoice the libraries a total of \$83,000. The remaining \$8,043 was placed in the CalPERS Reserves.

¹ See page 6 for proposal and library system cost allocations: <https://northnetlibs.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/07/NSCLS-agenda-packet-042517.pdf>

² See page 11: <https://northnetlibs.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/08/NLS-EC-Agenda-Packet-081319.pdf>

NORTH STATE COOPERATIVE LIBRARY SYSTEM

At the September 15, 2020 meeting, the Council agreed to a cost-share amount of \$85,000 for FY 2021/22. The CalPERS pre-payment and the GASB cost are \$76,953. The remaining \$8,047 will be placed in the CalPERS Reserves.

In FY 2021/22, Humboldt's portion of the CalPERS Unfunded Liability cost share is \$12,143. The combined \$16,090 in the CalPERS Reserves is adequate to meet the goals established at the February 2020 meeting.

Discussion

NSCLS has available three sources of funds: the \$1,500 of the legal reserve, the \$8,000 allocated from the NLS Executive Committee, and an expected \$16,090 in the NSCLS CalPERS Reserves.

The Board may choose to review those amounts and funds.